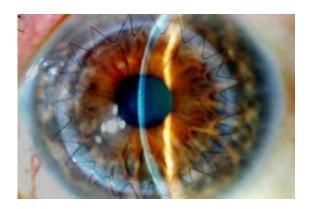


## On the cutting edge: Zigzag incision technique improves outcome of laser-assisted corneal transplantation

November 10 2009, by Tom Vasich



Patients who undergo laser-assisted corneal transplants using a zigzag cutting pattern developed at UCI achieve better vision more quickly than those who have conventional surgery, a new study shows. Image: Drs. Marjan Farid and Roger Steinert / UCI

(PhysOrg.com) -- For most of the 40,000 Americans who undergo corneal transplants each year, recovery is uncomfortable and slow, sometimes taking as long as six months. Even then, clear vision may not be fully restored.

But ophthalmologists with UC Irvine's Gavin Herbert Eye Institute have developed a surgical technique that allows patients to heal faster and see better.

By trading the traditional scalpel for a laser and using a zigzag incision



pattern on the "front window" of the eye, Drs. Marjan Farid, Sumit Garg and Roger Steinert are revolutionizing corneal transplantation — in which a diseased or damaged cornea is replaced by donor tissue.

Introduced by Steinert and his UCI colleagues and approved by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration in 2005, the procedure utilizes a femtosecond-pulsed laser. "We've seen lasers used reliably in countless Lasik procedures, and it makes sense that they be applied to corneal transplants," says Garg, who joined the institute in July after completing a residency and fellowship at UCI.

Studies on laser-assisted transplants have found that the treated area heals much faster — within three months — and may be as much as 10 times stronger than with conventional transplants. Still, a majority of corneal transplants are done the old-fashioned way, with a scalpel, and not everyone is a candidate for the laser procedure.

To improve the transplanted cornea's bond with the eye, the UCI team devised a more precise cutting pattern. Instead of a straight <u>incision</u>, the laser makes zigzag slices around the patient's eye and the donor cornea. The cuts interlock like puzzle pieces, so the new cornea fits in perfectly, and surgeons don't need to stitch the eye as tightly.

In the October issue of the journal Ophthalmology, Farid and colleagues showed that 81 percent of zigzag laser-assisted corneal transplant patients in a study had achieved 20/40 or better vision three months after surgery, compared with only 45 percent of people who'd undergone conventional transplants. The zigzag group also experienced faster recovery of vision and less astigmatism one month post-procedure than the other group.

"The laser can create shapes that are simply impossible to produce with conventional surgery," Farid says. "We're using technology to raise



corneal transplantation to a new level."

The Gavin Herbert Eye Institute is the only facility in Orange County offering laser-assisted corneal transplants. It's part of UCI's comprehensive effort to bring together researchers and clinicians in a single setting to study eye diseases, pioneer treatments and train tomorrow's ophthalmologists.

"The institute allows us to make the most of our talents," says Steinert, director and ophthalmology chair. "It's satisfying to make breakthroughs and improvements that branch out and reach more and more patients. That's what it's all about."

Provided by UC Irvine

Citation: On the cutting edge: Zigzag incision technique improves outcome of laser-assisted corneal transplantation (2009, November 10) retrieved 25 April 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2009-11-edge-zigzag-incision-technique-outcome.html">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2009-11-edge-zigzag-incision-technique-outcome.html</a>

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