

## Self-monitoring with blood glucose test strips inefficient use of health-care resources

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Routine self-monitoring of blood glucose levels by people with type 2 diabetes who are not taking insulin is an ineffective use of health resources as the modest benefits are outweighed by the significant cost of test strips, suggest 2 studies in CMAJ (*Canadian Medical Association Journal*).

In Ontario, blood glucose test strips are the third largest cost for the Ontario Public Drug Programs in 2007/08, accounting for \$100 million or 3.3% of drug expenditures. Usage of test strips increased by almost 250% from 76,320 people in 1997 to 263,513 people in 2008. Almost 53% of people aged 65 and over with diabetes received diabetes test strips by 2008. Sixty-three per cent of patients not receiving <u>insulin</u> used blood glucose test strips in 2008.

"In light of the overall costs and questionable benefits of blood glucose self-monitoring in many patients, more focused policy decisions regarding test strips have been proposed in several jurisdictions," write Muhammad Mamdani of St. Michael's Hospital in Toronto and coauthors in a study on options to reduce test strip usage. They project that expenditures associated with blood glucose self-monitoring will exceed \$1 billion in Canada and suggest policy changes could lead to cost reductions.

**More information:** <u>http://www.cmaj.ca/embargo/cmaj091017.pdf</u> and <u>http://www.cmaj.ca/embargo/cmaj090765.pdf</u>



## Provided by Canadian Medical Association Journal

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