

# Top German court approves euthanasia with patient consent

June 25 2010, by Deborah Cole

---

Germany's Federal Court of Justice on Friday overturned the conviction of a lawyer who advised an elderly comatose woman's family to cut off her feeding tube, in a landmark ruling on euthanasia.

The high-profile case involved 71-year-old Erika Kuellmer who slipped into a vegetative state after a cerebral haemorrhage in October 2002 and, confined to a nursing home, was fed through a tube for five years.

Although Kuellmer had expressed the wish not to be kept alive under such circumstances, the home's management refused to let her die.

On the advice of her lawyer, Kuellmer's daughter finally cut the feeding tube with a pair of scissors in the presence of her brother and Kuellmer died two days later of "natural causes", according to an autopsy.

A lower court acquitted the daughter of killing her mother because she had "mistakenly" followed her lawyer's advice. The son committed suicide a few months after the death of his mother.

Meanwhile the attorney, Wolfgang Putz, was convicted and given a nine-month suspended sentence.

But the federal tribunal found that Putz, a prominent patients' rights advocate, had acted legally and in the patient's interest because she had clearly expressed her wish not to be kept alive artificially.

"An improvement in her health condition was not to be expected," the court said in a statement on the ruling.

"The expressed wish of the patient in September 2002, which her carers had approved and confirmed, was binding."

A German law went into effect last September allowing patients to pre-determine which life-saving measures they would opt not to receive in a medical emergency.

Chief justice Ruth Rissing-van Saan had said when agreeing to hear the case that the court aimed to define the line between "killing" and "natural death".

"The expressed wishes of the patient... justified not only the end of treatment via the withholding of further nourishment but also the active step of ending or preventing the treatment she no longer wanted," the court said.

The issue is particularly charged in Germany, where the Nazis cynically labelled a mass extermination programme for around 100,000 disabled people deemed unfit to live "euthanasia".

Before the court, Putz had argued that Kuellmer's life was no longer worth living in the eyes of her family.

Justice Minister Sabine Leutheusser-Schnarrenberger hailed the ruling as a victory for self-determination and dignity in death.

"There may not be forced medical treatment against a person's will," she said.

But patients' right organisations warned that Germans needed to be

"crystal clear" in formulating their wishes.

"Only clearly formulated living wills can be respected," Sonja Hecker of the German Association for Provision and Care Rights advised, to spare dying patients and their loved ones battles in court.

(c) 2010 AFP

Citation: Top German court approves euthanasia with patient consent (2010, June 25) retrieved 1 May 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2010-06-german-court-euthanasia-patient-consent.html>

<p>This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.</p>
--