

Social acumen equals spatial skill, psychologist finds

July 27 2011

who are adept at metaphorically putting themselves in someone else's shoes – are also more proficient when it comes to spatial skills, according to a new study led by a Johns Hopkins University psychologist.

The study, published online in today's *Journal of Experimental Psychology*, found that the more socially accomplished a person is, the easier it is for him or her to assume another person's perspective (literally) on the world.

"The results were striking: there was a profound difference in this ability among people with better social <u>skills</u> and those with weaker ones," said study leader Amy Shelton, a professor in the Department of Psychological and Brain Sciences at the Zanvyl Krieger School of Arts and Sciences.

Shelton said that the study results could eventually lead to improved strategies to help people on the autism spectrum – notable for their lack of social awareness and skills – compensate for this weakness.

In the study, 48 men and women ages 18 to 22 viewed a model of buildings constructed from LEGOs ®. A series of seven figures (one time it was 13" faceless "dolls," a second time it was toy cameras and a third time it was colored plastic triangles) was arrayed around the building model. Participants then viewed images on laptop computers, each of which corresponded to the would-be visual perspective of one of



the figures (dolls, cameras, triangles) and were asked which figure could "see" that view of the buildings displayed on the computer screen.

The study subjects also completed a pencil-and-paper test designed to assess the degree to which adults of normal intelligence showed five different traits associated with autism spectrum disorders: social skills, perseveration, attention to detail, communication, and imagination. Of particular interest in this inquiry were the social and communication scores, as those are aligned with typical social behaviors, Shelton said.

The critical finding was that there was a strong correlation between overall social acumen and the study subjects' accuracy in taking the perspective of the figures only when the figures were dolls, and not when the figures were the toy cameras or triangles.

According to Shelton, this suggests that when people are faced with a task involving taking a different perspective, they "bring something extra to the table when it involves a person, or a potential person, rather than just an object."

"Perhaps the human figures allowed the study subjects to more readily embody the other person and take that 'person's' perspective in this task," she speculated. "The current thinking on this is that this 'embodiment' -- this ability to take another's position -- should be universally helpful, because it's what we do as <u>social</u> beings: we put ourselves in another person's place. Yet our results indicate that this embodiment is only helpful if one is actually socially savvy to begin with."

According to Shelton, these results suggest that a person's ability to take another person's spatial perspective may be related to things such as empathy, or even tolerance for another's belief system.

"Perhaps the most exciting aspect of this research is that it emphasizes a



'whole person' approach," she mused. "We tend to think of ourselves as being either 'good' or 'bad' at certain skills, but these results suggest that different skills really do interact and have an impact on each other. For instance, I might be good at giving directions to another person because I have good spatial skills, but I might be even better at it if I can also empathize or embody the other person's perspective."

Provided by Johns Hopkins University

Citation: Social acumen equals spatial skill, psychologist finds (2011, July 27) retrieved 26 April 2024 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2011-07-social-acumen-equals-spatial-skill.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.