

Pilates is beneficial adjunctive therapy in heart failure

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To examine the efficacy of Pilates in patients with <u>heart failure</u>, Guilherme Veiga Guimarães, M.D., of the Universidade de São Paulo in Brazil, and colleagues conducted a study involving 16 patients with New York Heart Association class I or II heart failure who were randomly assigned to 30 minutes of aerobic exercise followed by 20 minutes of either mat Pilates training or a conventional <u>cardiac rehabilitation</u> <u>program</u> for 16 weeks.



At 16 weeks, the researchers found that patients in both groups showed a significant increase in exercise time, with a larger increase for the Pilates group (11.9 \pm 2.5 to 17.8 \pm 4 minutes and 11.7 \pm 3.9 to 14.2 \pm 4 minutes, respectively). Only the Pilates training exhibited significant increases from baseline in ventilation, peak <u>oxygen consumption</u> (VO₂), and O₂ pulse. Compared with the conventional group, peak VO₂ was significantly improved in the Pilates group.

"The results of this study demonstrate the feasibility of a combined aerobic training and mat Pilates method by its safe and functional capacity improvements in <u>patients with heart failure</u>," the authors write.

More information: Abstract

Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)

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