

## Playing videos reduces anxiety before pediatric surgery

November 2 2012



Children who watch a video clip of their choice during induction of inhaled anesthesia are less anxious than children who receive traditional distraction methods, according to a study published in the November issue of *Anesthesia & Analgesia*.

(HealthDay)—Children who watch a video clip of their choice during induction of inhaled anesthesia are less anxious than children who receive traditional distraction methods, according to a study published in the November issue of *Anesthesia & Analgesia*.

Katherine A. Mifflin, from Dalhousie University in Halifax, Canada, and colleagues randomly assigned 89 children (age 2 to 10 years old) to either watch a video clip of their choice or to traditional distraction methods during induction of inhaled <u>anesthesia</u> before ambulatory surgery.



The researchers found that children who watched the video were significantly less anxious at induction, as assessed by the modified Yale Preoperative Anxiety Scale. Children in the video group also had a significantly smaller change in anxiety from holding to induction. All of the children were similar in age and had similar anxiety scores before entering the operating room.

"Playing video clips during the inhaled induction of <u>children</u> undergoing ambulatory surgery is an effective method of reducing anxiety," Mifflin and colleagues conclude. "Therefore, pediatric anesthesiologists may consider using <u>video distraction</u> as a useful, valid, alternative strategy for achieving a smooth transition to the anesthetized state."

**More information: Abstract** 

Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)

Copyright © 2012 HealthDay. All rights reserved.

Citation: Playing videos reduces anxiety before pediatric surgery (2012, November 2) retrieved 23 April 2024 from

https://medicalxpress.com/news/2012-11-videos-anxiety-pediatric-surgery.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.