

## Healthy intervention reduces depression for pregnant Latinas

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(Medical Xpress)—Latina women in a diabetes-prevention program show fewer signs of depression during pregnancy and in early postpartum, a University of Michigan study indicates.

Untreated depression can negatively affect both mothers and children. Research indicates that sometimes <u>minority women</u>—when compared to



their white counterparts—don't seek help for their depression.

If their mother or other female friends are absent, women feel increasingly isolated and stressed, says Edith Kieffer, the study's lead author and a U-M associate professor of social work. They find it challenging to maintain healthy practices during and after pregnancy.

About 275 pregnant Spanish-speaking Latinas participated in <u>Healthy</u> <u>Mothers</u> on the Move, a culturally and linguistically tailored clinical trial designed to reduce risk factors for obesity and <u>Type 2 diabetes</u>. The Detroit-based program is led by community health workers.

The women received a 14-session curriculum conducted in Spanish during two <a href="https://home.nih.google.com/home.nih.googl





The Healthy MOMs program provided women with opportunities to talk and support each other during and after pregnancy. Credit: Edith Kieffer

All participants received the same educational content regarding pregnancy, childbirth and the <u>postpartum period</u>, managing stress and identifying signs and <u>symptoms of depression</u>, and monthly newsletters with health tips and reminder cards.

The percentage of women at risk for depression at the follow-up interview was significantly less in the intervention group (19 percent) than in the control group (34 percent). The researchers found that the effect of the intervention on depressive symptoms was strongest during pregnancy. At six weeks postpartum, the intervention remained effective only for the 83 percent of study participants who spoke no English.



"The significance of social support to a group of immigrant women who tend to be socially isolated cannot be ignored," Kieffer said. "The results suggest that a healthy lifestyle intervention may be well-suited to assist in preventing or reducing depressive symptoms among Latinas during pregnancy, with the stigma often attached to mental health treatment in the Latino community."

Among the study's other authors: U-M colleagues Cleopatra Caldwell, Diana Welmerink, Kathleen Welch and Brandy Sinco, and J. Ricardo Guzman of the Community Health and Social Services Center Inc.

The study was planned and conducted in collaboration with <u>Community</u> <u>Health</u> and Social Services, a federally qualified health center, and other community-based Detroit partner organizations.

The findings appear in *American Journal of Community Psychology*: link.springer.com/article/10.1 ... 07/s10464-012-9523-9

## Provided by University of Michigan

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