

Report shows some improvements in child well-being

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The Federal Interagency Forum on Child and Family Statistics, a working group of 22 Federal agencies, reviewed data and updated the Key National Indicators of Well-Being for America's children for 2013, with a special focus on the kindergarten Year.



According to the report, for the fifth consecutive year there was a decrease in the percentage of infants born preterm. The <u>infant mortality</u> rate in 2011 (6.0 deaths per 1,000 live births) was not significantly different from 2010. The average <u>diet quality</u> score was 50 out of 100 in 2007 to 2008 for children aged 2 to 17 years, and was not significantly different from that in 2003 to 2006; diet quality fell considerably short of recommendations. The prevalence of obesity remained stable at 18 percent for 6- to 17-year-olds. From 2007-2008 to 2009-2010 there was a decrease in the percent of children with any detectable level of blood cotinine, from 53 to 42 percent. The percentages of eighth, 10th-, and 12th-graders who reported smoking were the lowest ever (2, 5, and 9 percent, respectively). Among 12th-graders, <u>binge drinking</u> increased from 22 to 24 percent.

"Poor eating patterns in childhood are major contributors to <u>childhood</u> <u>obesity</u> and contribute to chronic diseases starting in childhood, such as type 2 diabetes, and those that emerge throughout the life cycle, such as cardiovascular disease," the authors write.

More information: More Information

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