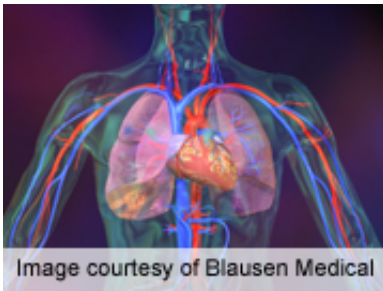


# Varying radiation exposure in cath lab procedures analyzed

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(HealthDay)—Endovascular peripheral procedures are associated with higher radiation exposure for catheterization laboratory operators than coronary procedures, according to a study published in the October issue of *JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions*.

Maja Ingwersen, D.V.M., from the University Cardiovascular Center in Hamburg, Germany, and colleagues measured radiation doses of three operators using real-time dosimetry for the body, neck, and hand during 284 procedures in 281 patients over a 14-week period. Mixed models were used to enable comparisons between procedures.

The researchers found that there were independent associations for the type of procedure, the patient's body mass index, and the fluoroscopy time with the operator's radiation exposure. Operators were exposed to a

mean effective dose (E) of 2.2  $\mu$ Sv per procedure. E was 2.3-fold higher in pelvic procedures (P coronary angiography, upper limb, and below-the-knee procedures).

"Endovascular procedures for pelvic, [upper limb](#), and below-the-knee disease are accompanied with a higher [radiation exposure](#) of the operator than with coronary procedures," the authors write.

One author is an employee of Philips Healthcare; Philips provided the DoseAware system used in the study.

**More information:** [Abstract](#)  
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