

Thyroid shield deemed essential during use of C-arm fluoroscopy

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(HealthDay)—The best way for surgeons to reduce scattered radiation exposure to the thyroid is by wearing a shield tightly or wearing it loosely in combination with a bismuth masking reagent, according to a study published in the Nov. 15 issue of *Spine*.

Seung Yeol Lee, M.D., from the Seoul National University Bundang Hospital in South Korea, and colleagues used two photoluminescence dosimeters to measure the dose of radiation to the thyroid in a simulated surgeon during setup of a patient treated with C-arm fluoroscopy. A thyroid shield (either lead or lead-equivalent) in three different arrangements (worn tightly, worn loosely, and worn loosely with a bismuth masking reagent) was worn during measurement of radiation doses.



The researchers found that, for the lead-shield group, radiation doses when worn tightly were 1.91 μ Sv/min, 2.35 μ Sv/min when worn loosely, and 1.86 μ Sv/min when worn loosely with a bismuth masking reagent. There was significantly lower radiation exposure when wearing the shield tightly and wearing it loosely with a bismuth masking reagent, compared to wearing the shield loosely (P \leq 0.001). For the lead-equivalent shield group, radiation doses were 1.79, 1.82, and 1.74 μ Sv/min, respectively. The lead-equivalent thyroid shield group received significantly lower scattered radiation doses, compared with the lead thyroid shield group (P \leq 0.001). The unshielded group received a radiation dose of 16.32 μ Sv/min.

"The use of some form of thyroid shield is essential during the use of C-arm fluoroscopy," the authors write.

More information: Abstract

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