

# Frequent prior hospitalization may predict stroke readmission

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(HealthDay)—Frequent prior hospitalization and National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale (NIHSS) rating at admission may predict 30-day readmission after ischemic or hemorrhagic stroke, according to a study published online June 11 in the *American Journal of Medical Quality*.

Roy E. Strowd, M.D., from the Wake Forest School of Medicine in Winston-Salem, N.C., and colleagues retrospectively compared 79 cases readmitted to the same hospital within 30 days of acute stroke and 86 frequency-matched controls to identify factors associated with readmission.

The researchers found that readmitted patients were more likely to have > 2 hospitalizations in the year prior (21.5 percent versus 2.3 percent in controls, P congestive heart failure, [coronary artery disease](#), cancer, [acute renal failure](#), pneumonia, urinary infection, and absence of

hyperlipidemia. Admission NIHSS (OR, 1.072 per 1-point increase; P = 0.005), prior hospitalizations (OR, 2.205 per admission; P

"If validated, these characteristics identify high-risk patients and focus efforts to reduce readmission," the authors write.

Several authors disclose ties to the pharmaceutical industry.

**More information:** [Abstract](#)  
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