

Factors ID'd for CRC risk stratification with positive FIT

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(HealthDay)—Fecal hemoglobin concentration, sex, and age can be used to classify the risk of advanced colorectal neoplasia among individuals with positive results from fecal immunochemical tests (FITs), according to a study published in the September issue of *Gastroenterology*.

Josep M. Auge, M.D., from Hospital Clínic in Barcelona, Spain, and colleagues retrospectively analyzed data from a consecutive series of 3,109 participants with positive results from FITs ($\geq 20 \ \mu g/g$ of feces) included in the first round of the Barcelona colorectal cancer screening program (December 2009 through February 2012). A colonoscopy was performed in all patients and they were classified according to advanced or nonadvanced <u>colorectal neoplasia</u>.

The researchers found that participants with advanced colorectal



neoplasia had significantly higher median fecal hemoglobin concentrations compared with participants with nonadvanced colorectal neoplasia (105 versus 47 μ g/g; P age of 60 to 69 years (OR, 1.24); and fecal <u>hemoglobin concentration</u> >177 μ g/g (OR, 3.80). Sixteen risk categories were identified based on these factors, and the risk for advanced colorectal neoplasia was increased 11.46-fold among those in the highest risk category versus the lowest category.

"These factors should be used to prioritize individuals for colonoscopy examination," the authors write.

More information: Abstract

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