

## Study documents significant rise in E-cigarette use among youth in Poland

October 31 2014, by Annie Deck-Miller

Use of electronic cigarettes (e-cigarettes) has more than tripled among students in Poland, according to research led by Maciej Goniewicz, PhD, PharmD, a researcher in the Department of Health Behavior at Roswell Park Cancer Institute (RPCI). The study, published online ahead of print in the *Journal of Adolescent Health* (JAH), was conducted in collaboration with researchers at the Medical University of Silesia in Poland.

"Our research suggests that e-cigarette use is rapidly increasing among youth in Poland," said Dr. Goniewicz. "This study adds to a growing body of evidence that e-cigarette use is increasing not only among adult smokers, but also among adolescents around the world. Further studies are necessary to illuminate our understanding of the reasons for this phenomenon and to help determine if e-cigarettes are a gateway to traditional cigarette use."

Electronic cigarettes are battery-operated products that heat a <u>liquid</u> <u>solution</u> that vaporizes nicotine and other additives, which are then inhaled by the user. The researchers analyzed e-cigarette use among 1,760 <u>students</u> aged 15 to 19 attending 17 schools in 2010-2011 and 1,970 students attending 21 schools in 2013-2014. Students from 13 schools participated in both studies. E-cigarette use was substantially higher in the 2013-2014 sample than in the 2011-2012 sample.

The share of students who ever tried e-cigarettes increased from 16.8% (2010-2011) to 61.1% (2013-2014). Similarly, current e-cigarette use



increased from 5.5% to 29.9%. A striking finding was that with increasing prevalence of e-cigarette use, the number of adolescents who use traditional tobacco products also increased, from 23.9% of adolescents who routinely smoked in the first survey to 38% in the second survey. Use of both e-cigarettes and traditional cigarettes increased from 65.3% (2010-2011) to 72.4% (2013-2014). These findings suggest that e-cigarettes are not replacing conventional tobacco cigarettes, at least in this age group, according to Dr. Goniewicz.

Results of a similar study—the National Youth Tobacco Survey (NYTS)—conducted in the United States showed that ever-use and current use of e-cigarettes doubled among U.S. young people. Dr. Goniewicz noted that the higher rates of use by youth in Poland might be attributed to a combination of factors, including age differences, more aggressive marketing campaigns and less comprehensive tobacco-control policies that cover e-cigarettes.

Two researchers from the University of California—San Francisco, Stanton Glantz, PhD, Professor of Medicine, and Lauren Dutra, ScD, Postdoctoral Fellow, were invited to comment on this research in an editorial also published in the *Journal of Adolescent Health*. "E-cigarette use is increasing rapidly among youth around the globe," they concluded. "Although some public health researchers are hopeful about e-cigarettes' potential as a harm reduction product, the business model that tobacco companies use to promote e-cigarettes (promoting addiction to maintain a strong consumer base) is inconsistent with the concept of e-cigarettes as a harm reduction tool. In combination with the existing literature, findings by Goniewicz et al. emphasize the fact that rapid penetration of the youth market, including use of e-cigarettes among never smokers, may be accompanied by increasing youth smoking with potential long-term health impacts."

"While overall e-cigarettes appear to be less harmful than conventional



cigarettes, they are not safe," added Andrew Hyland, PhD, Chair of the Department of Health Behavior at RPCI. "Scientific research ongoing at Roswell Park and at other research facilities will help to more clearly delineate the health risks and net public <u>health</u> impact of e-cigarettes."

The study, "Rise in electronic cigarette use among adolescents in Poland," has been published online ahead of print in JAH.

Dr. Goniewicz reports that in 2011 he received a research grant from Pfizer, a manufacturer of smoking-cessation medication. One of the coauthors of the paper reports support from a manufacturer of <u>e-cigarettes</u>. Both awards apply to projects that fall outside the scope of this newly published research.

## Provided by Roswell Park Cancer Institute

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