

Adverse outcomes up with elevated HbA1c in late pregnancy

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(HealthDay)—Elevated hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) during the second and third trimesters correlates with increased risk of adverse pregnancy outcomes, according to a study published online Nov. 3 in *Diabetes Care*.

Michael J.A. Maresh, M.D., from St. Mary's Hospital in Manchester, U.K., and colleagues conducted a prospective assessment involving 725 women with type 1 diabetes to examine the correlation between second and third trimester glycemic control and [pregnancy outcomes](#). The women were categorized into five groups according to HbA1c values at 26 and 34 weeks' gestation, with the lowest value of

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