

## Achilles tendon ruptures missed in one of four cases, but surgery not needed for most

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Achilles tendon disorders are common and often misdiagnosed, with about 25 percent of ruptures missed during initial examination, but the prognosis is favorable for the vast majority of patients, according to researchers from Rowan University School of Osteopathic Medicine and the Rothman Institute of Jefferson Medical College.

Their clinical review, published in the November edition of *The Journal of the American Osteopathic Association*, noted that most patients healed better with <u>conservative treatment</u>. Surgery should be reserved for acute tears occurring in young or very active patients.

"As an osteopathic physician, we approach treating injuries with the least amount of surgical intervention possible," said Joseph N. Daniel, DO, clinical associate professor of orthopaedic surgery at Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia. "Injuries of the Achilles are no different, and this study validates that most patients are better off with conservative treatment."

Dr. Daniel noted that <u>surgical intervention</u> in younger, athletic patients is associated with lower rates of re-rupture and a quicker return to activity. Diagnostic imaging, such an ultrasound or MRI, is not recommended unless rupture is suspected.

The Achilles tendon is the largest tendon in the body and functions as the structural gateway between the leg, ankle, and foot. Its function is critical for walking, running, and jumping, so the injury is often



associated with athletes, of whom eight percent will likely experience an acute rupture during their lifetime. About 24 percent of athletes will battle chronic tendinopathy at some point, researchers noted.

Achilles injuries are somewhat less common among non-athletes but frequently afflict the elderly and sedentary, as well as patients who've gained significant weight or started an exercise regimen in middle age. Ruptures are associated with autoimmune disease, plantar fasciitis, obesity, certain antibiotics, smoking, and localized steroid injections.

In acute cases, <u>patients</u> often report hearing a popping sound at the time of <u>injury</u>. Chronic ruptures and other Achilles injuries typically involve heel pain or discomfort that coincides with physical activity. Primary care physicians are urged to evaluate those with similar complaints for Achilles injuries and take a conservative approach to treatment.

"Mismanaged or neglected injuries will markedly decrease a patient's quality of life," said Dr. Daniel. "In all but a select few cases, we can resolve the issue with rest, over-the-counter medication, physical therapy, or a few weeks in a walking boot."

More information: jaoa.org/article.aspx?articleid=2466230

## Provided by American Osteopathic Association

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