

Unique platform ID'd for producing cone photoreceptors

October 14 2015



(HealthDay)—A member of the Cerberus gene family, *Coco* (*Dand5*), appears to be involved in differentiation into S-cone photoreceptors by blocking BMP/TGFβ/Wnt signaling, according to an experimental study published online Oct. 1 in *Development*.

In an effort to obtain a source of human cones for cone transplantation, Shufeng Zhou, from Maisonneuve-Rosemont Hospital in Montreal, and colleagues examined gene expression in the developing and adult mouse retina.

The researchers identified expression of *Coco* (*Dand5*) in the developing and adult mouse retina. Human embryonic stem cells (hESCs) differentiated into S-cone photoreceptors upon exposure to recombinant COCO, and they developed an inner segment-like protrusion and could



degrade cGMP on light exposure. The unique S-cone population moved toward a mixed M/S-cone population on addition of thyroid hormone. COCO-exposed hESCs spontaneously developed into a cellular sheet of polarized cone photoreceptors when cultured at confluence for a prolonged period. Dose-dependent and synergistic activity was seen for COCO and IGF1 for blocking BMP/TGFβ/Wnt signaling; exposure to BMP, TGFβ, or Wnt-related proteins correlated with blocking of coneinducing activity.

"Our work thus provides a unique platform to produce human cones for developmental, biochemical, and therapeutic studies and supports the hypothesis that photoreceptor differentiation operates through an S-cone default pathway during human retinal development," the authors write.

More information: Abstract

Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)

Copyright © 2015 HealthDay. All rights reserved.

Citation: Unique platform ID'd for producing cone photoreceptors (2015, October 14) retrieved 2 May 2024 from

https://medicalxpress.com/news/2015-10-unique-platform-idd-cone-photoreceptors.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.