

## Fish oil supplementation doesn't cut inflammatory markers

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(HealthDay)—For healthy adults, eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) supplementation does not reduce common markers of systemic inflammation, according to a study published online Oct. 26 in the *Journal of Internal Medicine*.

Matthew F. Muldoon, M.D., from the University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, and colleagues conducted a double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial to examine whether EPA+DHA supplementation reduces common biomarkers of chronic, <u>systemic inflammation</u>. Two hundred sixty-one healthy individuals aged 30 to 54 years were enrolled and randomized to 18 weeks of <u>fish oil supplementation</u> providing 1,400 mg per day EPA+DHA, or to a matching placebo.

The researchers observed a 64 percent increase in red blood cell



EPA+DHA in the active treatment group, while supplementation had no effect on serum C-reactive protein and interleukin-6 ( $P \ge 0.20$ ). Across subgroups and with and without imputed values the findings were consistent. Ex vivo production of four pro-inflammatory cytokines was not altered with EPA+DHA supplementation ( $P \ge 0.20$ ).

"Supplementation with 1,400 mg EPA+DHA did not reduce common markers of systemic inflammation in healthy adults," the authors write.

**More information:** Abstract

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