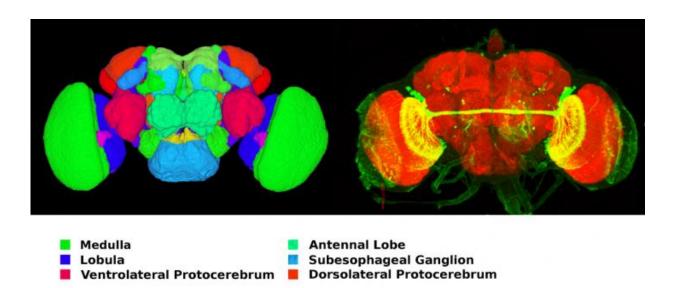


Researchers launch collaborative project to build first complete fly brain model

December 7 2015



Fruit fly brain. Credit: Copyright (c) 2006-2015 Hanchuan Peng and HHMI -Janelia Research Campus, image distributed with permission under Vaa3D License

Researchers at the University of Sheffield have launched an ambitious project to simulate a complete model of the adult fruit fly brain for the first time.

The team is developing an <u>open software platform</u> that will enable researchers from around the world to contribute data, models and tools

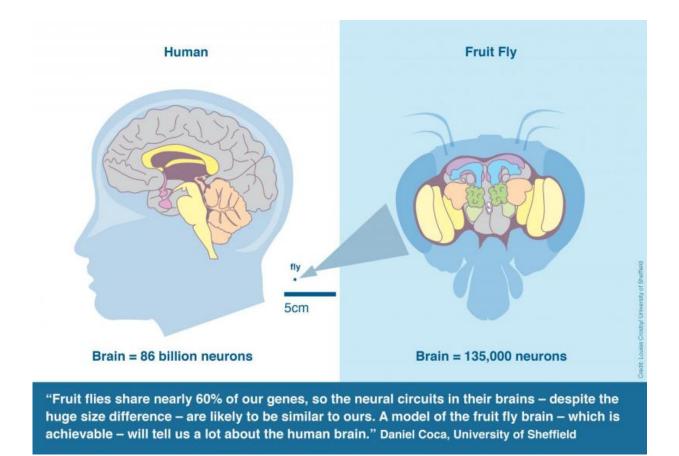


to construct a comprehensive model of the fruit fly (*Drosophila*) brain. By working collaboratively, the model can be built far more rapidly and efficiently than would be possible by teams working independently.

Because many of the genes and proteins found in the human brain are also found in the fruit fly's brain, a complete model could provide insights that will help develop a better understanding of diseases such as Alzheimer's or <u>motor neurone disease</u> as well as help identify potential new drug targets.

"The collaborative <u>software platform</u> that we are developing will enable the <u>research community</u> to focus their efforts and build a biologically plausible model of the fruit fly brain faster, by integrating the knowledge available from different scientific communities across the world," says Daniel Coca, Professor of Nonlinear & Complex Systems at the University of Sheffield and UK project leader.





A comparison diagram showing the difference in size between human and fruit fly brains. Credit: Louise Crosby/The University of Sheffield

Funded jointly by the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council UK and the National Science Foundation in US, the £1.2 million project is a partnership between researchers at the University of Sheffield, Columbia University in the City of New York, research laboratories at Stanford, Washington, Oxford and National Tsing Hua Universities, as well as NVIDIA, the company that pioneered GPU computing.

The fruit fly is one of the most popular model organisms to study neural computation and for relating brain structure to function. Its brain has



many functional similarities with our own and it exhibits a wealth of complex behaviours that can be experimentally probed using a powerful toolkit of genetic techniques.

Because the fruit fly brain has just 135,000 neurons, compared to around 86 billion in the human brain, it poses a far less formidable computational challenge. The scientists believe that a 'first draft' model of the brain, which will incorporate existing models of the neural circuits and synaptic connections maps, could be build and simulated in the coming decade.

"Several huge projects are currently underway to provide complete models of the human <u>brain</u>, but these won't be complete for many years to come. We believe these projects will benefit enormously from an understanding of how smaller brains work," says Aurel Lazar, Professor of Electrical Engineering at Columbia University and US Project Leader.

In order to simulate such a complex system, the software will harness the computational power afforded by the massively parallel computational capability of NVIDIA's Graphics Processing Units (GPUs).

"Modelling of neural systems at the individual neuron level creates an enormous computational challenge. Utilising power efficient and highly parallel GPUs will enable us to scale simulations to biologically credible sizes, giving real insight into emergent biological processes. " says Dr Paul Richmond, Vice-Chancellor Research Fellow at the University of Sheffield and Co-Investigator on the project.

"This ambitious project will advance important science while demonstrating again the versatility and sheer computational horsepower that GPU computing delivers," says Dr David Luebke, NVIDIA Distinguished Inventor & Senior Director of Research. One of the major



objectives of the project is the development of a web-based portal that will provide access to the simulation framework, data

and model repositories, collaborative tools for model development, sharing and review as well as community-led discussion forums. Ultimately, the portal will provide an environment that accelerates <u>model</u> development, nurtures discussions, collaborations and further research.

Provided by University of Sheffield

Citation: Researchers launch collaborative project to build first complete fly brain model (2015, December 7) retrieved 5 May 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2015-12-collaborative-brain.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.