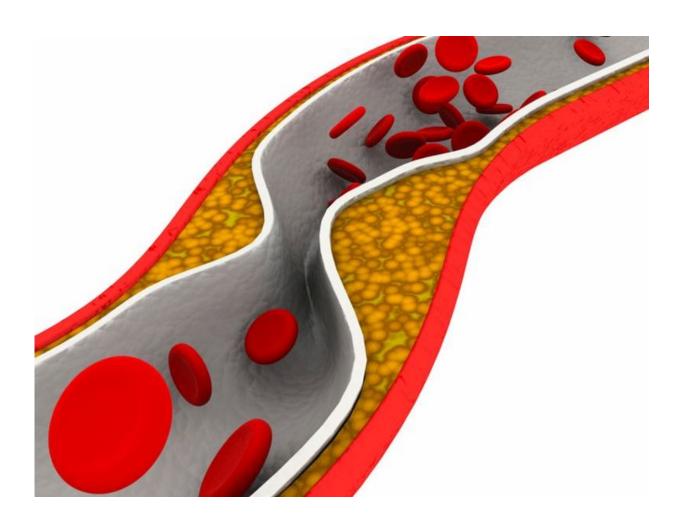


Pioglitazone cuts diabetes risk after ischemic stroke, TIA

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(HealthDay)—For insulin-resistant patients with recent ischemic stroke



or transient ischemic attack, pioglitazone is associated with reduced risk of diabetes, according to a study published online July 27 in *Diabetes Care*.

Silvio E. Inzucchi, M.D., from the Yale School of Medicine in New Haven, Conn., and colleagues examined the metabolic effects of pioglitazone and <u>diabetes prevention</u> in a trial involving 3,876 patients with recent ischemic stroke or <u>transient ischemic attack</u>, no history of diabetes, fasting plasma glucose (FPG) 3.0. Participants were randomized to receive pioglitazone or placebo.

The researchers found that the mean HOMA-IR and FPG decreased in the pioglitazone group and increased in the placebo group (all P

"Pioglitazone is the first medication shown to prevent both progression to diabetes and major cardiovascular events as prespecified outcomes in a single trial," the authors write.

Several authors disclosed financial ties to pharmaceutical companies, including Takeda Pharmaceuticals, which provided <u>pioglitazone</u> and placebo.

More information: <u>Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)</u>

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