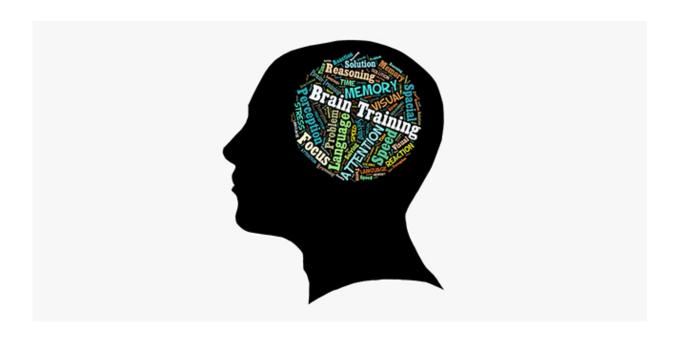


Processing speed training can improve cognitive ability and lift depression in the elderly

January 16 2017



Credit: Tohoku University

Researchers at Tohoku University have developed a new Processing Speed Training Game (PSTG) using a Tablet PC, which they say can significantly improve processing speed and inhibition among healthy older adults, while also reducing their depressive moods when played regularly.



Figure 1 below shows two types of games used for brain training. A, B and C are examples of PSTG. D is an example of a Knowledge Quiz Training Game (KQTG).

In the number connection challenge shown in Fig1A, participants are asked to connect numbers in an assigned order. In this case, to draw a line from the smallest through to the largest number as quickly as possible $(1\rightarrow2\rightarrow3\rightarrow4\rightarrow5)$.

For translating figures to numbers (Fig1B), participants select numbers related to target figures. The rule is presented at the top left corner of the screen and a numeric keypad (response pad) is on the right. In this case, a circle corresponds to 1, a triangle to 2, and a star to 3. The key is changed every game. A target figure appears in the center of the screen and participants are asked to touch the number (3) related to the target figure (triangle) as quickly as possible.

For calculation with whack-a-mole (Fig1C), participants conduct simple calculations then tap on moving targets. A numeric keypad (response pad) is present at the right side of the screen and a numerical expression is presented in the center (for example, 1 + 9). In the case of Fig1C, the tapping target is a mole. Participants are asked to work out the answer to the math question (10) and then tap the target as quickly as possible. The number of tapping targets increases during the game.



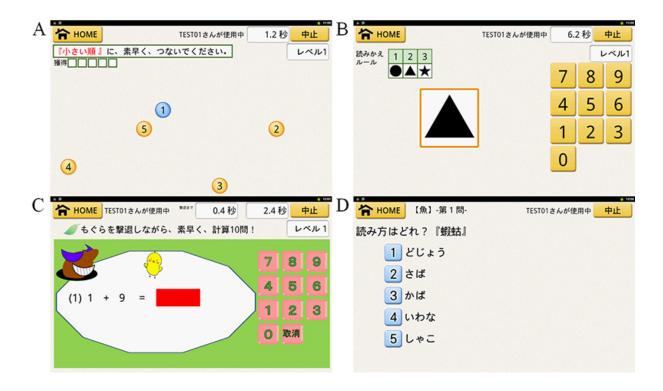


Figure 1. Credit: Tohoku University

In the Knowledge Quiz Training Game (KQTG, shown in Fig1D), participants select the correct pronunciation of Kanji characters. In the example, the target Kanji is [?]? (squilla) and five pronunciation options are presented: dojou ([?]?]?!: loach), saba ([?]?]: mackerel), kaba ([?]?]: hippopotamus), iwana ([?]?]?: char) and shako ([?]?]?: squilla). Participants must select the correct pronunciation (in this case, the correct answer is shako).

To investigate the benefits of PSTG on cognitive functions and emotional states in healthy older adults (Fig.2), the research team, led by Rui Nouchi and Ryuta Kawashima, conducted a randomized controlled trial study (RCT).



Seventy-two older adults between the age of 60-75 were randomly assigned to either a PSTG or a KQTG group. They were asked to play PSTG (12 processing speed games) or KQTG (4 knowledge quizzes) for 4 weeks. They played for 15 minutes a day, for at least 5 days a week.

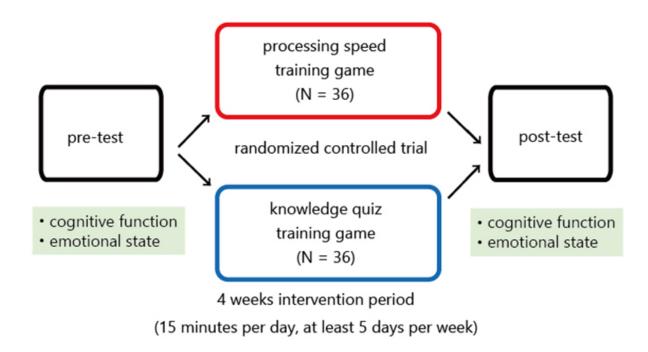


Figure 2: A summary of the study procedure. Credit: Tohoku University

Cognitive functions and <u>emotional states</u> were measured before and after the 4-week intervention period. And results showed that <u>participants</u> who played PSTG had improved processing speed and inhibitions, as well as reduced depressive moods compared to those who played KQTG (Fig.3).

"Our results extended previous findings demonstrating that short-term processing speed training has positive effects on the cognitive functions of elderly people," said Dr. Nouchi. "To familiarize the general public



with cognitive training, it is important to reduce costs for intervention and to develop user-friendly intervention tools. I believe that our study can provide new, useful and effective tools for cognitive training."

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The research result was published in *Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience*.

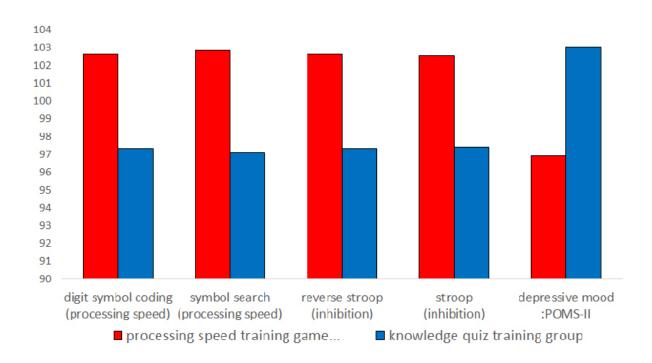


Figure 3: Standardized changed score (post-test score minus pre-test score). Credit: Tohoku University



More information: Rui Nouchi et al. Small Acute Benefits of 4 Weeks Processing Speed Training Games on Processing Speed and Inhibition Performance and Depressive Mood in the Healthy Elderly People: Evidence from a Randomized Control Trial, *Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience* (2016). DOI: 10.3389/fnagi.2016.00302

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