

## National study highlights hidden causes of methamphetamine-related death

July 31 2017



Credit: AI-generated image (disclaimer)

The number of methamphetamine-related deaths in Australia doubled between 2009 and 2015 with heart disease and violent suicide identified as prominent causes of death, a study from the National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre has found.



The study, published in the journal *Addiction*, analysed 1649 cases of <u>methamphetamine</u>-related death retrieved from the National Coronial Information System (NCIS) and found that in a fifth of cases (22%) death was attributed to natural disease in conjunction with methamphetamine toxicity.

The most frequent natural disease was cardiac and/or cardiovascular disease and stroke.

Lead author UNSW Professor Shane Darke said these results are indicative of a major public health issue and highlight a hidden problem.

"To see such large and significant increases in mortality rates over the study period indicates a major methamphetamine problem.

"With so much public attention focused on violence, many users may be unaware that <u>heart disease</u> is a major factor in methamphetamine-related death.

"Without increased awareness of the connection between methamphetamine use and cardiac and/or cardiovascular disease we could expect to see a significant increase in cases of this kind in the coming years," Professor Darke said.

Suicide accounted for 300 methamphetamine-related deaths (18%) with specific characteristics around methods and gender.

"The impulsivity and disinhibition associated with methamphetamine intoxication may be a factor," Professor Darke said.

"Health professionals need to be aware of the prominent role of violent suicide and take appropriate steps to monitor methamphetamine users."



Other findings of the study include:

- Nearly half of cases occurring in rural and regional locations.
- The most common manner of death (43%) is accidental drug toxicity.
- Even modest amounts of methamphetamine may provoke cardiac arrhythmia.
- There were 245 deaths from traumatic accidents, including 156 where the person was driving a car or motorbike.
- Methamphetamine is a major public health problem of increasing significance, of which death represents the most severe end.

## Provided by University of New South Wales

Citation: National study highlights hidden causes of methamphetamine-related death (2017, July 31) retrieved 4 May 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2017-07-national-highlights-hidden-methamphetamine-related-death.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.