

Sri Lanka's worst-ever dengue outbreak kills 225

July 4 2017, by Bharatha Mallawarachi



A Sri Lankan public health official, left, points out Mosquito larva in a bottle during a Dengue fever irradiation work in Colombo, Sri Lanka, Tuesday, July 4, 2017. Sri Lanka is suffering its worst dengue outbreak with more than 200 people killed and 76,000 infected this year. Alarmed by the scale of disease, the island nation has deployed hundreds of soldiers and police officers to clear away rotting garbage, stagnant water pools and other potential mosquito-breeding grounds. (AP Photo/Eranga Jayawardena)

Sri Lanka is suffering its worst-ever dengue outbreak, with the mosquito-borne virus killing 225 people and infecting more than 76,000 this year.

Alarmed by the magnitude of the crisis, the government deployed 400 soldiers and police officers on Tuesday to clear away rotting garbage, stagnant water pools and other potential mosquito-breeding grounds.

Dr. Ruwan Wijayamuni, Colombo's chief medical officer, said people's failure to clear puddles and piles of trash after last month's [heavy monsoon rains](#) had compounded the problem.

"It's pathetic that they don't keep clean their environment," Wijayamuni said. "Some residents do not allow officials to inspect the houses and clean them. This is really unacceptable."

The number of infections nationwide is already 38 percent higher than last year, when 55,150 people were diagnosed with dengue and 97 died, according to the Health Ministry. The highest number of cases is in the region around the main city of Colombo, though cases were being reported across the tropical island nation.

"This is mostly an urban disease" said Dr. Priscilla Samaraweera of the National Dengue Eradication Unit. Last month's heavy rains left the cities waterlogged, with puddles and rain-soaked garbage providing ideal spots for mosquitoes to breed and multiply.



A Sri Lankan Municipal worker sprays pesticide in a drain during dengue fever irradiation work in Colombo, Sri Lanka, Tuesday, July 4, 2017. Sri Lanka is suffering its worst dengue outbreak with more than 200 people killed and 76,000 infected this year. Alarmed by the scale of disease, the island nation has deployed hundreds of soldiers and police officers to clear away rotting garbage, stagnant water pools and other potential mosquito-breeding grounds. (AP Photo/Eranga Jayawardena)

In Colombo alone, 25 teams of soldiers, [police officers](#) and public health inspectors were knocking on doors at people's homes, advising them to clear clogged drains and empty outdoor pots that might have filled with rainwater.

Health officials were also fumigating public spaces.

This year's strain is particularly dangerous, Samaraweera said. There is no cure for any of the four strains of the virus, which causes a high fever, weeks of exhaustion and in some cases a vicious skin rash.

Patients most at risk of dying are the elderly, children or those with other medical complications.

Hospitals were so crowded with dengue patients, the army was building two temporary wards at Negombo Base Hospital, about 38 kilometers (24 miles) north of Colombo, military spokesman Brig. Roshan Senevirathna said.

President Maithripala Sirisena urged the public to cooperate with officials trying to fight the disease, saying it could affect the "lives of all the citizens of the country."

© 2017 The Associated Press. All rights reserved.

Citation: Sri Lanka's worst-ever dengue outbreak kills 225 (2017, July 4) retrieved 6 May 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2017-07-sri-lanka-worst-ever-dengue-outbreak.html>

<p>This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.</p>
--