

Surgical residents adapt to flexible shift hours

August 10 2017, by Will Doss

Surgical residents across the country have grown accustomed to less restrictive shift lengths, according to new findings published in the *New England Journal of Medicine (NEJM)*. The research explored implications from a Northwestern Medicine study also published in *NEJM*, which found in 2016 that flexible duty hour requirements were safe for patients and improved resident education.

"We're not allowing residents to work more hours, we're just rearranging their hours within the set limits to improve patient care and resident education," said Karl Bilimoria, MD, MS, John B. Murphy Professor of Surgery and director of the Surgical Outcomes and Quality Improvement Center.

Bilimoria was the senior author of the current publication, and was also the lead author on the 2016 study.

Over the past two decades, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) introduced restrictions on resident shift length and capped duty hours to 80 hours per week, in response to concerns about patient safety and resident well-being. However, these reforms also caused unintended consequences to <u>patient care</u> and resident training, according to Bilimoria.

"We saw residents leave the operating room mid-procedure because their duty hour clock was up, or be forced to go home in the middle of stabilizing a critically ill patient in the ICU because they didn't have any



hours left," Bilimoria said. "That's not what anybody wants—we want some reasonable standards in place, while having the flexibility to take care of <u>patients</u>."

In the 2016 study, Bilimoria's team designed a trial involving 117 surgical residency programs across the U.S., allowing half of the participating institutions to waive rules on maximum shift lengths and time off between shifts by applying for exemption waivers. After a year, the flexible programs showed no change in patient safety or quality of care. Meanwhile, residents at those institutions reported improved continuity of care, surgical training and professionalism.

They did report that these flexible policies had a negative effect on leisure or time with family and friends, but they appeared willing to make the sacrifice.

"We asked them to pick which kind of program they preferred and only 14 percent chose the current standard duty hour policies," Bilimoria said. "They aren't dissatisfied by flexible duty hours, and this shows that they are willing to make the tradeoff."

The ACGME took notice of the results, forming a task force to evaluate the concept further and officially adopting the flexible duty hours policy on July 1, 2017.

Bilimoria and colleagues extended the trial by another year to investigate if residents' perceptions of well-being changed in the second year of the trial. In the current study, the scientists found fewer trainees reported negative effects stemming from flexible duty hours in year two when compared to year one.

"They got used to it, they started to accept it more, it's what we suspected might happen," Bilimoria said. "We actually saw the waivers



being utilized a little less."

The extra year of experience as a resident may have also contributed to the growing acceptance, according to Bilimoria.

"You realize how important it is to stay to take care of the same patient and to be available," he said. "When you first get there you probably don't realize why you have a pager or why you're on call so much, but over time, you gain an appreciation of why you always want to be available."

Next, Bilimoria is planning on investigating other resident safety issues he stumbled upon during the course of the duty hours study. Needle stick rates were higher than they should be, Bilimoria said, so additional training and systems to prevent them should be implemented. Another issue relates to fatigue and burnout, which may contribute to safety issues for residents outside the hospital.

More information: Allison R. Dahlke et al. Surgical Residents' Work Hours and Well-Being in Year 2 of the FIRST Trial, *New England Journal of Medicine* (2017). DOI: 10.1056/NEJMc1703812

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