

Epilepsy drugs may have damaging effects on children's bones

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In a study published in *Epilepsia*, young people taking anti-epileptic drugs experienced elevated rates of bone fractures and had reductions in tibial bone mineral density and lower limb muscle force.

The study included 23 individuals aged 5-18 years who had been taking anti-epileptic drugs for at least 12 months. Each individual was matched to a twin, sibling, or first cousin.

The findings suggest the need to further explore bone health issues in young patients taking anti-epileptic medications.

"These results need to be validated in a larger, longitudinal study investigating the association between anti-epileptic drug exposure and [adverse outcomes](#) in the developing skeleton over time," wrote the authors of the study.

More information: Peter J. Simm et al, Impaired bone and muscle development in young people treated with antiepileptic drugs, *Epilepsia* (2017). [DOI: 10.1111/epi.13893](https://doi.org/10.1111/epi.13893)

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