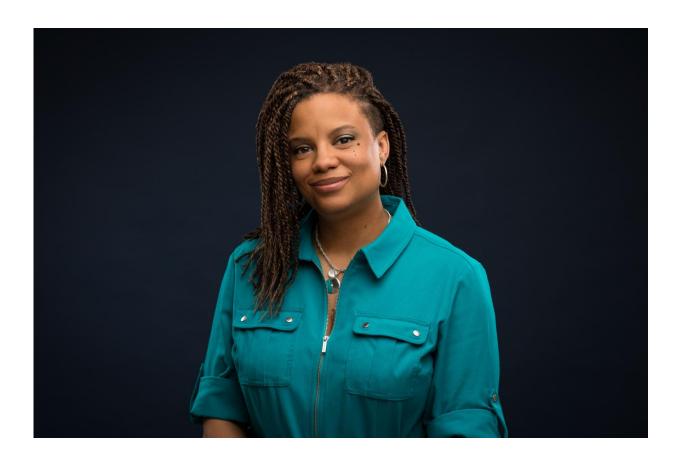


Relationship found between HIV risk and individual and community level educational status

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Robin C. Stevens, PhD, MPH, Assistant Professor of Nursing and Director of the Health Equity & Media Lab. Credit: Penn Nursing

African-American men who have sex with men (MSM) remain at



heightened risk for HIV infection and account for the largest number of African-Americans living with HIV/AIDS. It has long been understood that there is a clear and persistent association between poverty, transactional sex behavior, and HIV risk. A new University of Pennsylvania School of Nursing (Penn Nursing) study has investigated how educational status relates to HIV risk in this population.

"We found that study participants were more apt to engage in transactional sex - the exchange of sex for drugs or money—if they did not complete high school and if their neighbors did not complete high <u>school</u>," said the study's lead-author, Robin C. Stevens, PhD, MPH, Assistant Professor of Nursing and Director of the Health Equity & Media Lab. The study was recently published in the journal *Urban Health*.

Transactional sex is an HIV risk <u>behavior</u> directly linked to the informal economic sector, sometimes termed "the street economy." It is plausible that in undereducated neighborhoods, more residents participate in informal or street economies, as the more formal sectors of employment are inaccessible without a <u>high school diploma</u>. By investigating the role of lived poverty at both the individual and neighborhood level in transactional sex behavior among African-American MSM, the researchers pinpointed a significant association between educational attainment and HIV risk behavior.

"This data provides potential leverage points for both community-level interventions and advocacy for this population, particularly related to transactional sex and education, and will aid HIV prevention efforts that seek to address the contextual constraints on individual risk behavior," said Stevens.

More information: Robin Stevens et al. Risky Trade: Individual and Neighborhood-Level Socio-Demographics Associated with



Transactional Sex among Urban African American MSM, *Journal of Urban Health* (2017). DOI: 10.1007/s11524-017-0187-5

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