

Different outdoor professions carry different risks for skin cancer

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One of the main risk factors for non-melanoma skin cancer (NMSC), the most common cancer worldwide, is solar ultraviolet radiation. A new *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* study has found that different outdoor professions carry different risks for NMSC.

In the study of 563 participants (47% women) consisting of 348 outdoor workers (39% [farmer](#), 35% gardener, 26% [mountain](#) guides) and 215 indoor workers, NMSC was diagnosed in 33.3% of mountain guides, 27.4% of farmers, 19.5% of gardeners and in 5.6% of indoor workers.

Significant differences were seen between the outdoor professions with mountain guides at the highest risk. Substantial differences between the professions were also seen in skin [cancer](#) screening rates (indoor [worker](#) 61.4%, mountain guides 57.8%, farmers 31.9%, gardeners 27.6%), daily ultraviolet radiation exposure during work, and protective behavior such as sunscreen use during work.

The findings suggest that tailoring prevention efforts to different professions based on their individual needs could help lower the global burden of NMSC.

"Altitude and number of hours working outside seem to make the difference," said lead author Dr. Alexander Zink, of the Technical University of Munich, in Germany. "Adjust your sun protection accordingly!"

More information: A. Zink et al, Different outdoor professions have different risks - a cross-sectional study comparing non-melanoma skin cancer risk among farmers, gardeners and mountain guides, *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* (2018). [DOI: 10.1111/jdv.15052](https://doi.org/10.1111/jdv.15052)

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