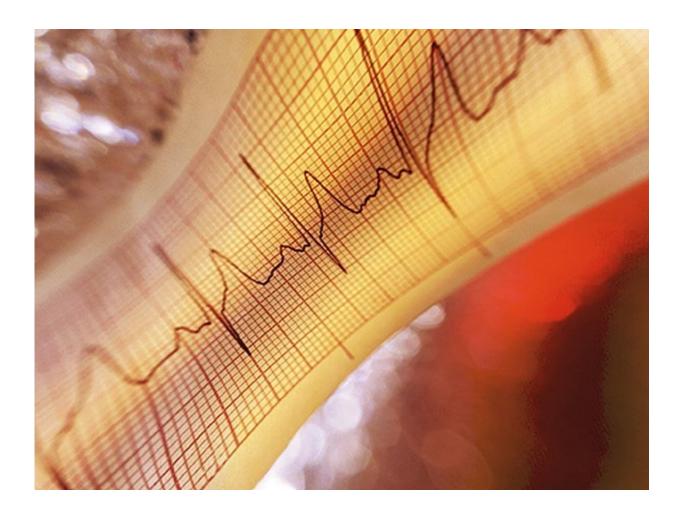


## Asthma, uncontrolled asthma associated with risk of A-fib

July 12 2018



(HealthDay)—There is a correlation for asthma and lack of asthma



control with the risk of atrial fibrillation (AF), according to a study published online July 11 in *JAMA Cardiology*.

Aivaras Cepelis, from the Norwegian University of Science and Technology in Trondheim, and colleagues conducted a prospective population cohort study to examine the correlation between <u>asthma</u>, levels of asthma control, and AF. Participants from a second and third iteration of the survey-based Nord-Trøndelag Health Study were recruited. Data were included for 54,567 adults.

The researchers found that 10.9 percent of the participants reported ever having asthma; 7.2 and 4.6 percent reported being diagnosed with asthma and having active asthma, respectively. Overall, 3.8 percent of participants developed AF during a mean follow-up of 15.4 years. Compared to participants without asthma, those with physician-diagnosed asthma had a significantly increased risk of developing AF (adjusted hazard ratio, 1.38). A dose-response association was seen between levels of asthma control and AF risk, with the highest risk for those with <u>uncontrolled asthma</u> (adjusted hazard ratio, 1.74).

"Asthma and lack of <u>asthma control</u> were associated with moderately increased risks of AF in a dose-response manner," the authors write. "Further studies are needed to explore the underlying mechanisms and clarify causal pathways between asthma and AF."

**More information:** <u>Abstract/Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)</u>

Copyright © 2018 HealthDay. All rights reserved.

Citation: Asthma, uncontrolled asthma associated with risk of A-fib (2018, July 12) retrieved 4 May 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-07-asthma-uncontrolled-a-fib.html">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-07-asthma-uncontrolled-a-fib.html</a>



This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.