

The rise of the conscious carnivore

August 1 2018, by Sylvain Charlebois



Credit: AI-generated image (disclaimer)

The August long weekend approaches, and many Canadians will celebrate with picnics and barbecues. Meat often plays a central role when choosing the menu for gatherings among family and friends. But it seems eating meat is becoming increasingly controversial, as is selling it.

In foie gras-friendly France, for example, there's been an increasing number of <u>reported anti-meat incidents</u>. In recent weeks, several butcher



shops and slaughterhouses were sprayed with fake blood. Other protesters choose to use words, voicing concerns about <u>meat</u> <u>consumption</u>. There are no such reports in Canada yet, but something is clearly afoot.

For years, voluntarily committing to a special diet was a tacit choice. These choices are now allowing a growing collective to go on the offensive. Estimates from a recent wide-ranging <u>Dalhousie University</u> <u>study</u> suggest that Canada harbours more than 2.3 million vegetarians, and upwards of 850,000 vegans.

The number of vegetarians in Canada is almost equivalent to the population of Montréal, one of Canada's largest cities.

Vegetarians and vegans are mostly under 35

But what is more worrisome for the <u>meat</u> industry is that 52 per cent of all vegetarians are under the age of 35. As for vegans, that number is 51 per cent.

The younger generation influences our <u>food</u> economy much more significantly than older generations. That's because these numbers can only go up in time.

These days, becoming a vegetarian or even a vegan, or other types of selfimposed special diets, points to a much-politicized movement against the meat industry. The plant-based diet narrative is overpowering almost everything else. <u>A growing number of grocers, processors and restaurant</u> <u>chains are offering plant-based options now</u>.

What may make matters worse for the meat industry is what's coming up this fall. Health Canada is due to publish its <u>long-awaited new food guide</u> <u>in November</u>. Many believe the next food guide will be very different



than the current one. Plant-based choices will be strongly encouraged and eating more animal proteins will be frowned upon.

Switzerland just released <u>its new food guide in July</u>, encouraging <u>consumers</u> to reduce their meat consumption by 70 per cent. It's happening everywhere.

It's true that many Canadians see the food guide as pointless policy, but institutional buyers do look at it, and so do schools. Training programs for dietitians and nutritionists will likely be modified as well. Over a generation, the <u>food guide</u> will ultimately change our relationship with food.



Credit: AI-generated image (disclaimer)



Awareness has increased

All of this is happening quickly, and for several reasons.

Consumers are more aware of vegetable protein alternatives. We can thank social media for this, as information has become more readily available to consumers. There are scant new health-related studies encouraging consumers to take in more animal proteins. And if we add environmental and animal welfare concerns to the health argument, the case for eating meat is getting weaker by the day.

But perhaps just as important, consumers are starting to figure out that plant-based diets are less expensive. <u>Sources of vegetable proteins like</u> <u>chickpeas or lentils are much cheaper</u> than beef, pork or chicken.

Americans are by far the biggest consumers of meat in the world. The average American eats almost 100 kilograms of meat per year. Australia, Argentina and France are the other significant meat eaters.

Canada is ranked ninth, <u>with yearly meat consumption per capita at</u> <u>about 70 kilos</u>. Canada is also the 10th largest producer of meat in the world, all commodities combined. These figures have not moved in a few years, but many expect consumption per capita for all of these countries, including Canada, to decrease.

Many in the meat industry are still in denial, but a profound societal change is happening in how we embrace and relate to animals as a food source.

Consumers want choice

Our culinary traditions, including our love for barbecuing, will no doubt remain. But things are getting a little more complicated. As a result, the



meat industry will need to befriend the plant-based movement in some way.

It's no longer about one choice over another, but rather selecting ingredients that can co-exist and be appreciated by the marketplace. The refrain in agriculture has often been to dominate the market over other commodities. Consumers today expect choice, discovery and flexibility in addition, of course, to good prices and convenience.

The meat industry is certainly being challenged these days <u>by more vocal</u> <u>groups advocating against meat consumption</u>. Some are suggesting we ban meat consumption altogether.

Meat deserves its continued place in our diets. But the meat industry should also recognize that balance is necessary. Selling to the average meat-lover is very different from courting a conscious carnivore. An increasing number of consumers are speaking out, and the meat <u>industry</u> should listen and try to understand where the market is going.

This article was originally published on <u>The Conversation</u>. Read the <u>original article</u>.

Provided by The Conversation

Citation: The rise of the conscious carnivore (2018, August 1) retrieved 5 May 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-08-conscious-carnivore.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.