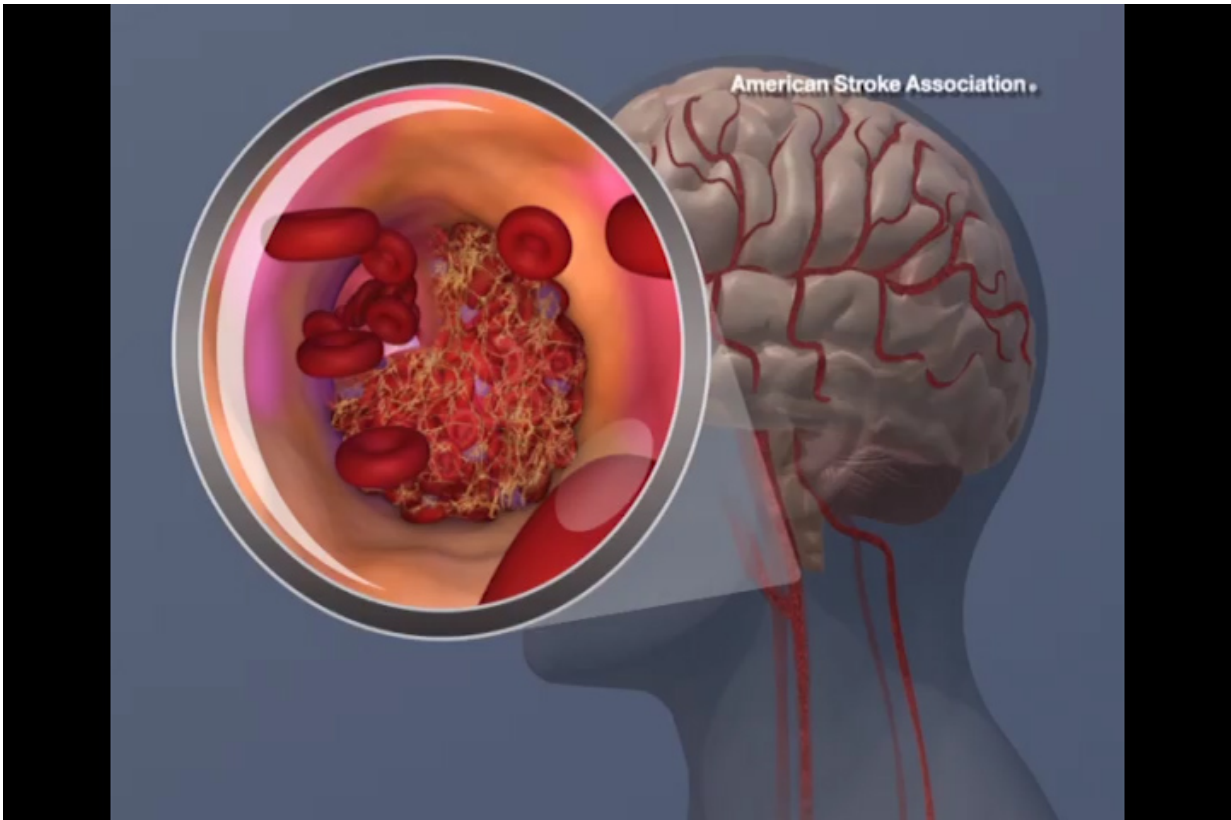


After stroke strikes, what comes next?

October 16 2018



A blood clot forming in the carotid artery. Credit: American Heart Association

The American Heart Association/American Stroke Association, the world's leading voluntary health organization devoted to fighting cardiovascular disease and stroke, wants stroke survivors to know that while life may be different after a stroke, rehabilitation can help them regain some independence, decrease chances of another stroke and

provide new goals to work toward.

Worldwide, stroke is the No. 2 cause of death and is a leading cause of long-term disability. Stroke is more disabling than it is fatal. However, stroke is largely beatable through high-quality [rehabilitation](#) and patient support and implementation of the Association's Rehabilitation Guidelines.

"Rehabilitation is key to recovery after stroke," said Olajide Williams, M.D., chief of staff of Neurology, associate professor of Clinical Neurology Columbia University Medical Center and an American Stroke Association volunteer. "But up to a third of people who have a stroke do not participate in a rehab program."

Stroke rehabilitation can help patients build their strength, capabilities and confidence, potentially regaining skills and returning to independent living. Rehab can also help patients better manage other conditions they have, which may affect daily living or their risk for a second stroke.

"Stroke recovery begins the moment you suspect a stroke," said Williams. "The sooner a person can be treated for stroke, the more likely they are to have a successful outcome." He advises everyone to be ready to respond F.A.S.T. if they suspect a stroke.

The acronym F.A.S.T. represents the most common stroke warning signs and stands for:

- Face Drooping—Does one side of the face droop or is it numb? Ask the person to smile. Is the person's smile uneven?
- Arm Weakness—Is one arm weak or numb? Ask the person to raise both arms. Does one arm drift downward?
- Speech Difficulty—Is speech slurred? Is the person unable to speak or hard to understand? Ask the person to repeat a simple

sentence, like "The sky is blue."

- **Time to Call 9-1-1**—If someone shows any of these symptoms, even if the symptoms go away, call 9-1-1 and get to a hospital immediately. (Tip: Check the time so you'll know when the first symptoms appeared.)

Education about F.A.S.T is a part of the American Stroke Association's Together to End Stroke initiative, nationally sponsored by Medtronic. Together, the two organizations aim to help people to easily recognize the most common stroke warning signs to improve stroke outcomes.

The American Heart Association/American Stroke Association's Together to End Stroke initiative, nationally sponsored by Kindred Rehabilitation Services, raises awareness that [stroke](#) is largely beatable through high-quality rehabilitation, patient support and implementation of the AHA/ASA's Stroke Rehabilitation and Recovery [Guidelines](#).

More information: For more information and a full list of the stroke warning signs, visit www.StrokeAssociation.org/WorldStrokeDay

Provided by American Heart Association

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