

Integrated classifier identifies benign lung nodules

October 9 2018



(HealthDay)—An integrated plasma proteomics classifier, which

integrates the relative abundance of two plasma proteins with a clinical risk prediction model, can distinguish benign from malignant lung nodules in those at low-to-intermediate risk for cancer, according to a study published in the September issue of *CHEST*.

Gerard A. Silvestri, M.D., from the Medical University of South Carolina in Charleston, and colleagues conducted a prospective observational trial involving 685 patients with 8- to 30-mm lung nodules. The relative abundance of two plasma proteins, LG3BP and C163A, was measured using multiple reaction monitoring mass spectrometry. To identify likely benign nodules, results were integrated with a clinical risk prediction [model](#).

The researchers found that the prevalence of lung [cancer](#) was 16 percent in a subgroup of 178 patients with a clinician-assessed pretest probability of cancer ≤ 50 percent. The integrated classifier demonstrated sensitivity, specificity, and a negative predictive value of 97, 44, and 98 percent, respectively, in distinguishing benign from malignant nodules. Performance was better with the classifier than with positron emission tomography, validated [lung](#) nodule risk models, and physician cancer probability estimates. Forty percent fewer procedures would be performed on benign nodules and 3 percent of malignant nodules would be misclassified if the integrated classifier were used to direct care.

"If used in clinical practice, invasive procedures could be reduced by diverting [benign nodules](#) to surveillance," the authors write.

Several authors disclosed financial ties to diagnostics companies, including Integrated Diagnostics, which provided funding for the study.

More information: [Abstract/Full Text](#)
[Editorial](#)

Copyright © 2018 [HealthDay](#). All rights reserved.

Citation: Integrated classifier identifies benign lung nodules (2018, October 9) retrieved 27 April 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-10-benign-lung-nodules.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.