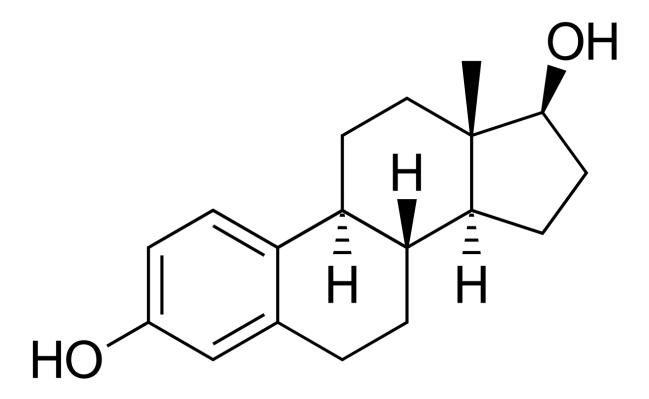


Hidden estrogen receptors in the breast epithelium

November 9 2018



Estradiol, the major estrogen sex hormone in humans and a widely used medication. Credit: Public Domain

Estrogens are hormones that play central roles in the development and the physiology of the breast, but also are involved in breast cancer. Like all hormones, estrogens exert their biological effects by binding to



dedicated receptors in the target cell.

Scientists led by Cathrin Brisken at EPFL have now uncovered that half of the luminal epithelial <u>breast</u> cells that appear not to express the estrogen receptor actually express it at low levels. Publishing in *Nature Communications*, they show that different parts of the estrogen receptor play different roles in the luminal breast cells that give rise to cancer. Depending on whether a cell has low or high levels of the estrogen receptor, the hormone-dependent or the hormone-independent activities are more or less important for its function.

In addition, the researchers found that the action of the estrogen receptor is biphasic: it stimulates the expansion and growth of breast cells in young mice but inhibits it during pregnancy.

The discovery has immediate implications for the role of $ER\alpha$ in the development of <u>breast cancer</u>. "This begs the question whether these ER-pseudo-negative <u>breast cells</u> will ultimately turn into <u>estrogen receptor</u> -positive or -negative breast cancers," says Cathrin Brisken.

More information: Stéphanie Cagnet et al, Oestrogen receptor α AF-1 and AF-2 domains have cell population-specific functions in the mammary epithelium, *Nature Communications* (2018). DOI: 10.1038/s41467-018-07175-0

Provided by Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne

Citation: Hidden estrogen receptors in the breast epithelium (2018, November 9) retrieved 19 April 2024 from

https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-11-hidden-estrogen-receptors-breast-epithelium.html



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