

Vitamin D deficiency tied to gestational diabetes risk

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(HealthDay)—Maternal vitamin D deficiency, as early as the first



trimester of pregnancy, is associated with an increased risk for gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM), according to a study recently published in *Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism*.

Jin Xia, from the Richard M. Fairbanks School of Public Health at Indiana University in Indianapolis, and colleagues used data from the Fetal Growth Studies-Singleton Cohort to prospectively investigate the <u>relationship</u> between vitamin D status during early to midpregnancy and GDM risk. Plasma levels of 25-hydroxyvitamin D2 and D3 and vitamin D binding protein were measured at gestational weeks 10 to 14, 15 to 26, 23 to 31, and 33 to 39 in 107 women with GDM and 214 controls.

The researchers observed a threshold effect for the relationship between vitamin D biomarkers and GDM risk. At 10 to 14 gestational weeks, vitamin D deficiency (

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