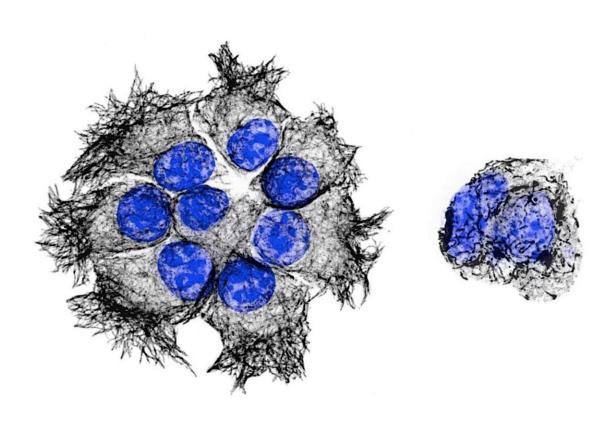


## Pancreatic cancer: Less toxic, more enduring drug may improve therapy

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In preclinical testing, an experimental drug for pancreatic cancer blocks the formation of microtubules in the cell, hindering growth. Microtubules are shown in black, and DNA is in blue. The pancreatic cancer cluster on the right was treated with PTC596. Credit: PTC Therapeutics



Unlike many other cancers, most pancreatic tumors are rock hard.

"That's one reason why <u>pancreatic cancer</u> is one of the most lethal types of <u>cancer</u>," says Kenneth Olive, Ph.D., associate professor of medicine and pathology & <u>cell biology</u> at Columbia University Vagelos College of Physicians and Surgeons and a <u>pancreatic</u> cancer researcher at the Herbert Irving Comprehensive Cancer Center.

"Pancreatic tumors recruit a thick layer of connective tissue called stroma that hardens the tumor and acts like a shield," says Olive, whose previous research first uncovered how the stroma makes it difficult for <u>chemotherapy drugs</u> to reach malignant <u>cells</u>. "As a result, most chemotherapy drugs can't build up to the levels needed to be effective."

To Olive, that suggests, paradoxically, a longer-lived—but less toxic—drug may work better.

"For a pancreatic cancer drug to be effective, it needs to stick around long enough to seep past the stroma and accumulate in the tumor. But if it is going to persist for a long time in the blood, it can't be as toxic to the rest of the body," he says.

## **Testing a New Drug Combination**

Olive's latest research, which was led by Jaime Eberle-Singh, Ph.D., while she was a graduate student at Columbia, may have identified a good candidate. The drug, an experimental compound called PTC596 that had shown antitumor activity in mouse and human pancreatic cancer cells, seemed to have the right qualities: PTC596 has a durable half-life (most cancer drugs have a half-life of a few minutes to hours) and can evade a pump that many cancer cells use to expel drugs. "This means that any amount of drug that makes it past the barrier can target the



malignant cells," says Olive.

Based on those studies, Olive, Eberle-Singh, and their collaborators tested PTC596 in combination with gemcitabine (a first-line drug for pancreatic cancer) in genetically engineered mice with an aggressive form of pancreatic cancer that is generally resistant to chemotherapy.

The mice that were treated with the two-drug combination lived three times longer than those treated with only a single standard agent. "This result was exciting because it's exceedingly rare for any treatment to extend survival in this gold-standard mouse model," Olive says.

They also tested PTC596 in combination with gemcitabine and another drug commonly used to treat pancreatic cancer, nab-paclitaxel, using human <u>pancreatic tumors</u> grown in mice. This combination further enhanced efficacy, making the tumors shrink outright.

"Based on the <u>drug</u>'s safety profile and our own findings, there's a good rationale for testing PTC596 in combination with standard therapy in patients with pancreatic cancer," says Olive.

## Microtubule Breakdown

Olive's team also discovered that PTC596 blocks the formation of microtubules—a network of proteins involved in cell division and transport of nutrients within the cell. He demonstrated that PTC596 may act synergistically with nab-paclitaxel, another microtubule-binding agent.

"Combining different microtubule inhibitors has the potential to play an important role in the future of oncology, as there are many agents that each impact microtubules in different ways that could produce synergy," Olive says.



**More information:** Jaime A. Eberle-Singh et al, Effective Delivery of a Microtubule Polymerization Inhibitor Synergizes with Standard Regimens in Models of Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma, *Clinical Cancer Research* (2019). DOI: 10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-18-3281

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