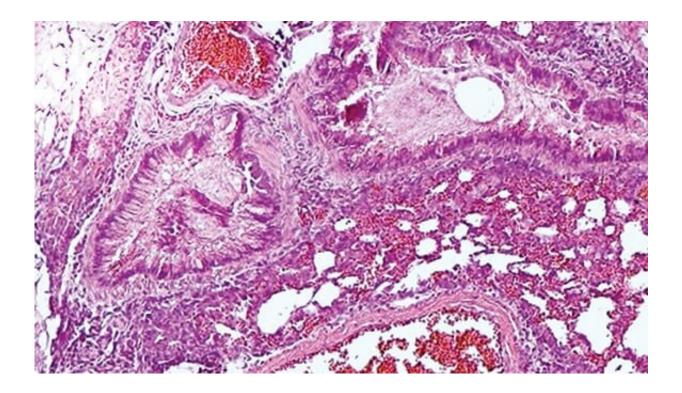


The missing link: A safe vaccine for an infection that hospitalizes more than 50,000 infants every year

October 31 2019, by Latina Emerson



Credit: Sang-Moo Kang

Professor Sang-Moo Kang may have found a way to make a safe vaccine for RSV, an infection that hospitalizes more than 50,000 infants every year.



Nearly 57,000 children under the age of five are hospitalized each year in the U.S. with <u>respiratory syncytial virus</u> (RSV), which typically causes cold-like symptoms but can lead to serious respiratory distress. RSV is the most common cause of bronchiolitis (inflammation of the small airways in the lungs) and pneumonia (infection of the lungs) among babies in this country, and it's also a major cause of severe respiratory illness in <u>older adults</u>, according to the Centers for Disease Control and <u>Prevention</u>.

Despite decades of work by scientists, there is no <u>vaccine</u> to prevent RSV infection, partly because of a disastrous vaccine failure during a 1966 clinical trial. The early vaccine not only failed to protect children, it made their symptoms worse. Two toddlers died and several infants were hospitalized with what's known as "vaccine-enhanced respiratory disease."

Sang-Moo Kang, professor in the Institute for Biomedical Sciences, believes he might have found the missing link to make a safe RSV vaccine. Kang has created a unique adjuvant—a chemical that is added to a vaccine to prime the immune system—and a recent study in *Virology* showed it can prevent the complication that doomed the 1966 vaccine. In the study, Kang tested his new adjuvant against existing ones. The image above shows inflamed airway tissue from the lungs of mice that received a vaccine with a conventional adjuvant and were then exposed to the virus. Kang's adjuvant, on the other hand, activated the <u>immune system</u> while preventing lung inflammation.

More information: Youri Lee et al. A unique combination adjuvant modulates immune responses preventing vaccine-enhanced pulmonary histopathology after a single dose vaccination with fusion protein and challenge with respiratory syncytial virus, *Virology* (2019). DOI: 10.1016/j.virol.2019.05.010



Provided by Georgia State University

Citation: The missing link: A safe vaccine for an infection that hospitalizes more than 50,000 infants every year (2019, October 31) retrieved 3 May 2024 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2019-10-link-safe-vaccine-infection-hospitalizes.html

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