

healthcare settings, diagnoses indicative of chronic stress, such as adjustment disorders and clinical burnout, are highly prevalent. To date, however, there are no evidence-based treatments for these conditions.

Cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) has been shown to effectively reduce symptoms of stress in non-diagnosed individuals with mixed symptoms, but access to CBT is generally limited and only a few studies have examined the effect of CBT for patients diagnosed with chronic stress-related conditions.

"Our studies suggest that even patients with severe symptoms of chronic stress can benefit greatly from a relatively short CBT program, even when it is delivered via the internet with less than 10 minutes therapist time per patient each week," says Elin Lindsäter, psychologist at Gustavsberg's [primary care](#) clinic outside of Stockholm and a doctoral student at the Department of Clinical Neuroscience, Karolinska Institutet.

In her thesis, she has studied the effects of a new CBT program for people suffering from chronic stress-related conditions. The thesis comprises two randomized clinical trials, one in which the CBT program was evaluated as a face-to-face treatment, and the other in which the same treatment was evaluated as a therapist-guided internet-based treatment (ICBT).

Results from both studies indicate that the 12-week treatment can be highly efficacious in reducing overall symptom burden and enhancing quality of life. Symptomatic improvements were sustained to the six- and 12-month follow-ups, but the treatment was not superior to control conditions on outcomes measuring sick leave or work ability.

The overall results from the studies contribute with valuable information regarding how suffering can be alleviated in the common and disabling

conditions of adjustment disorder and clinical burnout in primary care, where most patients first seek help. A health-economic evaluation showed that ICBT can be a cost-effective treatment compared with letting patients wait for treatment for 12 weeks.

"The CBT examined is relatively short and simple to administer," says Elin Lindsäter. "If it were to be implemented as an internet-based treatment in primary care, it would greatly increase treatment accessibility and potentiate treatment at an early stage of symptom development without leading to increased societal costs."

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More information: Thesis: Cognitive behavioral therapy for stress-related disorders. openarchive.ki.se/xmlui/handle/10616/46983

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