

Handy website awash with ways to protect you from coronavirus

March 16 2020



The screenshot shows the 'Germ Defence' website interface. At the top left is the University of Southampton logo. The main title 'Germ Defence' is in green and black. To the right is an illustration of hands being washed under a faucet. Below the title is a blue bar with the text 'Simple steps to reduce viruses'. The main content area has a grey background with a welcome message: 'Welcome to Germ Defence - advice to help protect you, and the people around you, from the new CORONAVIRUS called COVID-19.' This is followed by a paragraph stating that the advice was developed by health experts and proved to reduce illness in a study of over 20,000 people. A green bar contains the heading 'How does it work?'. Below this, it states that COVID-19 is caught in the same way as other viruses and that the website provides advice on how to protect yourself using the same methods that have worked for other viruses. It also mentions that it only takes around 10 minutes to go through the information. To the right of this text is an illustration of a person and a child surrounded by colorful virus particles. At the bottom center is a blue button with the text 'START NOW'.

Screenshot. 'Germ Defence' was designed so that anyone can use and benefit from information and ideas on how to lower your risk of catching viral illnesses. Credit: University of Southampton

A scientifically tested digital intervention created by the University of Southampton has already proved to be effective at reducing the spread of viral respiratory tract infections—such as colds and flu.

The [coronavirus](#) is caught in the same way as these other viruses, which means that the methods explained in this website can protect people from COVID-19, say the team who developed it.

'[Germ Defence](#)' was designed so that anyone can use and benefit from information and ideas on how to lower your risk of catching viral illnesses. This includes techniques for handwashing (when, where and how to wash your hands effectively), keeping a [safe distance](#), not touching your face, and information to help you decide if you need to wear masks. In addition, the website provides advice on how to look after family and friends who are ill, but still protect yourself.

During a randomized trial of more than 20,000 UK households (prior to the website's launch in 2015), Germ Defence proved it can help reduce the risk of infection by around 14% (as published in *The Lancet* in August 2015). The trial took place during the outbreak of Swine Flu, when there were already increased [public health messages](#) about reducing the spread of viruses through handwashing. Despite this raised awareness, people who used the website were still more likely to wash their hands the recommended amount of 10 times a day compared with those who didn't. As a result they caught less colds and flu, and recovered more quickly from these ailments. This reduction in illness also extended to the people who lived with them, leading to a lower demand for consultations with their doctors.

The media have also been focusing on not shaking hands as a way to help reduce the spread of COVID-19. Although the [scientific evidence](#) for this is unclear, avoiding handshaking may help increase our awareness of how germs are spread. As suggested in Germ Defence, hands can be

dirty without being able to see it. We would feel uncomfortable or embarrassed about shaking hands with someone, or touching other things, if we had mud on them. And we'd feel disgusted if someone tried to shake our [hand](#) and they were covered in dirt! So it makes sense to feel the same away about germs. Once we understand that our hands—and other peoples' – can spread illnesses it becomes easier to remember to wash them regularly.

"Hand washing seems such a simple and accessible activity that most people feel they already know about," said Paul Little, Professor of Primary Care Research at the University of Southampton. "Yet results from the trial and public use of Germ Defence show that people don't necessarily wash their hands as often as they could or at the most effective times to remove germs."

Professor Lucy Yardley, who led the development of Germ Defence, is one of the authors of a *BMJ* Opinion piece published this week that asks if we should "wave goodbye to handwashing." Professor Yardley, Professor of Health Psychology at the University of Southampton and University of Bristol, said "Replacing handshake with new forms of greeting like the fist bump—or better still a bow from a respectful distance—is a good way of reminding people that everyone's hands are covered in virus unless they have just been washed."

More information: Germ Defence is a free-to-access website, available at germdefence.org

Provided by University of Southampton

Citation: Handy website awash with ways to protect you from coronavirus (2020, March 16) retrieved 3 May 2024 from

<https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-03-handly-website-awash-ways-coronavirus.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.