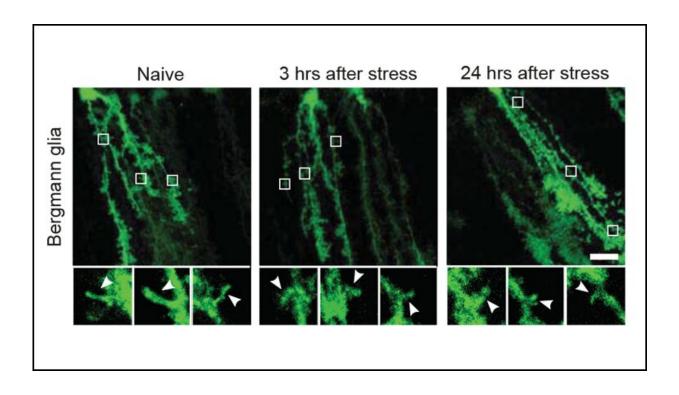


Scientists unveil molecular pathway behind stress-induced structural changes

March 30 2020



The branches of astrocytes retract from synapses 3 hours after stress and remain retracted for 24 hours. Credit: Bender et al. JNeurosci 2020

Stress restructures the brain by halting the production of crucial ion channel proteins, according to research in mice recently published in *JNeurosci*.

Stress harms the brain and body in profound ways. One way is by



altering astrocytes, the brain's housekeepers tasked with mopping up neurotransmitters after they've been released into the synapse. On the <u>cellular level</u>, <u>stress</u> causes the branches of astrocytes to retract from the synapses they wrap around.

Bender et al. investigated what controlled astrocyte changes after mice experienced exposure to the urine of a fox, their natural predator. This single stressful event caused quick but long-lasting retraction of the astrocyte's branches.

Stress induces this change by halting the production of GluA1, an essential subunit of glutamate receptors. During a <u>stressful event</u>, the stress hormone norepinephrine suppresses a molecular pathway that normally culminates in the protein synthesis of GluA1.

Without functional GluA1 or glutamate receptors, neurons and astrocytes lose their ability to communicate with each other.

More information: Emotional Stress Induces Structural Plasticity in Bergmann Glial Cells via an AC5-CPEB3-GluA1 Pathway, *JNeurosci* (2020). <u>DOI: 10.1523/JNEUROSCI.0013-19.2020</u>

Provided by Society for Neuroscience

Citation: Scientists unveil molecular pathway behind stress-induced structural changes (2020, March 30) retrieved 5 May 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-03-scientists-unveil-molecular-pathway-stress-induced.html</u>

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