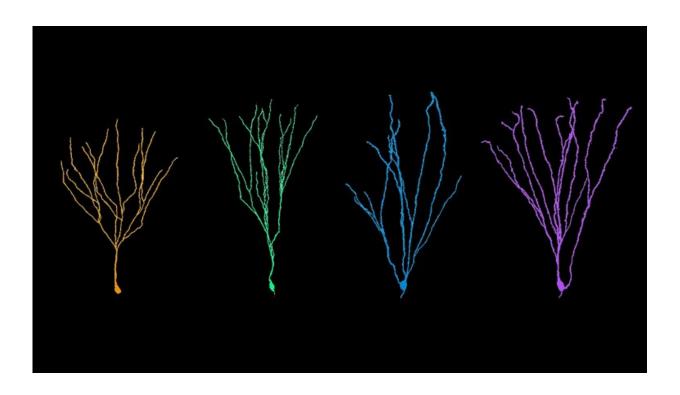


## Adult-born neurons grow more than their infancy-born counterparts

June 22 2020



Reconstructions of adult-born neurons. Left to right: age 2 weeks, 4 weeks, 6 weeks, and 24 weeks. Adult-born neurons continue to undergo significant morphological modifications beyond previously described developmental timelines. They remain distinct from their developmentally-born counterparts. Credit: Cole, Espinueva et al., *JNeurosci* 2020

Adult-born neurons keep growing and contributing to brain flexibility long after neurogenesis declines, according to research in rats published



in JNeurosci.

The <u>dentate gyrus</u>, a brain region involved in distinguishing memories, creates <u>new neurons</u> during adulthood—that much is clear. What remains unclear is how long adult neurogenesis takes place and how many <u>neurons</u> it creates. However, humans may not need neurogenesis to persist for the entirety of adulthood, because the brain gets the same memory benefits from neurons that are still growing up.

Cole, Espinueva et al. tracked neurogenesis by injecting rats' dentate gyri with a retrovirus that incorporates itself into the DNA of dividing cells, making all the neurons born on injection day glow. Just like neurons born in infancy, adult-born neurons went through a standard six-week development period. But at the seven-week mark, growth markers like thicker dendrites reappeared, indicating an upcoming stage of growth.

And the neurons did keep growing. Twenty-four weeks after their birth, the adult-born neurons were much bigger than infancy-born neurons, with more dendrites and potential synapses and larger synaptic terminals. This beefed-up anatomy suggests a different, perhaps more powerful function than neurons born during infancy. Since adult-born neurons slowly mature over a long period of time, they keep contributing toward plasticity.

**More information:** Adult-Born Hippocampal Neurons Undergo Extended Development and Are Morphologically Distinct From Neonatally-Born Neurons, *JNeurosci* (2020). DOI: 10.1523/JNEUROSCI.1665-19.2020

Provided by Society for Neuroscience



Citation: Adult-born neurons grow more than their infancy-born counterparts (2020, June 22) retrieved 4 May 2024 from

https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-06-adult-born-neurons-infancy-born-counterparts.html

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