

## After lockdown: what you can expect when you go to the dentist

June 23 2020, by Manas Dave, Beatriz Goulao and Gavin J Wilson



Credit: AI-generated image (disclaimer)

Since COVID-19 was declared a global pandemic in March 2020, it has caused unprecedented disruption to our everyday lives, not least to our health services. While hospitals braced themselves for an influx of COVID-19 patients, other areas of healthcare were severely affected. Suddenly, for example, going to the dentist was no longer an option.



Dental practices in the UK and across the world were forced to stop all non-emergency face-to-face dentistry to reduce the potential risk of virus transmission. Now, as governments worldwide begin to ease restrictions, the dental profession is planning a <u>safe return</u> for the delivery of care. But the care you receive and the <u>dental practice</u> you visit is likely to be different to what you were used to before COVID-19.

To explore the changes implemented in dental practices internationally, a group of researchers and clinicians from a range of UK institutions, led by Craig Ramsay at the University of Aberdeen and Jan Clarkson at the University of Manchester, conducted a rapid review of the international dental guidance. The group's overall aim was to produce a document that would facilitate decision-making and support policy planners in producing their own national guidance for the resumption of dental care services.

This <u>review</u> offers a summary of 17 guidance documents from 16 countries such as the US, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India and several European countries that reported on the re-structuring and re-opening of dental services.



Patients	<ul> <li>Any suspected COVID-19 symptoms: delayed appointments</li> <li>Suspected or positive COVID-19: emergency care only</li> <li>Shielding patients: dedicated appointment slots considered</li> </ul>
Appointments	<ul> <li>Telephone assessment and consultation prior to being given an appointment</li> <li>Appointment booking online or over the phone</li> <li>You may be asked screening questions on the phone</li> <li>Initial priority for appointments will be for dental emergencies and urgent dental care</li> </ul>
Dental practice organisation	<ul> <li>Social distancing rules</li> <li>Enhanced hand hygiene</li> <li>Limited number of appointments per day</li> <li>Digital/card payment if possible</li> <li>Limited use of waiting areas/toilets</li> <li>Staff wearing protective equipment</li> </ul>
Treatment options	<ul> <li>Reduced availability of certain treatment options</li> <li>Your dentist may have to use rubber dam - a sheet of rubber that isolates your tooth during the procedure</li> </ul>

## Why dental practices are different

There have been numerous changes introduced to dental practices reopening following easing of the COVID-19 lockdown. This is due to a suggested potential risk of virus transmission from aerosol-generating



procedures (AGPs) – common procedures you may have at the dentist, such as ultrasonic scaling or the use of the dental drill for treatments such as fillings.

The aerosol generated from these procedures can suspend in the air and travel up to 1.5m from the source. It is therefore essential only patients who show no signs or symptoms of COVID-19 attend their dentist.

Another big consideration in dental practices is the high daily volume of patients seen in a relatively confined physical space. Dentists also work in very close proximity to their patients, both factors which further increase the potential risk of virus transmission. With this in mind, several changes have been introduced to dental practices to ensure the safety of patients and staff.

## What treatments can I have?

The treatments available will depend on your dentist and location, but the table below illustrates treatments that are more likely to be available and those that are deemed too risky for the moment. Any treatment option should be discussed thoroughly with your <u>dentist</u>.

Some dental practices such as those set up as dedicated urgent dental care centres may conduct higher risk procedures such as AGPs, but there will be strict rules for selecting which patients and when such procedures are suitable.



<b>√</b> More likely	Less likely
Dental examination and check-ups	Dental fillings requiring extensive use of the dental drill
Dental X-Ray	Implant placements
Dental extraction not requiring use of dental drill	Root canal treatment requiring extensive use of dental drill
Fitting a lost crown	Scale and polish using water spray instruments
Simple filling with rubber dam	Tooth preparation for crown or veneer placement
Temporary fillings	
Denture fitting/repair	

## What's next?

Many countries have now resumed dental services, implementing new guidelines designed to ensure patients are treated safely while meeting their individual dental needs. This rapid review published by <u>Cochrane</u> <u>Oral Health</u>, has been used by all four nations in the UK to produce several guidance documents for dental practices.

Its pragmatic and steady scientific approach will help ensure the gradual and safe resumption of dental services. And of course when further evidence emerges, a return to near "normal" dental care will be once again possible.



This article is republished from <u>The Conversation</u> under a Creative Commons license. Read the <u>original article</u>.

Provided by The Conversation

Citation: After lockdown: what you can expect when you go to the dentist (2020, June 23) retrieved 6 May 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-06-lockdown-dentist.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.