

Cannabidiol improves blood flow to brain's hippocampus

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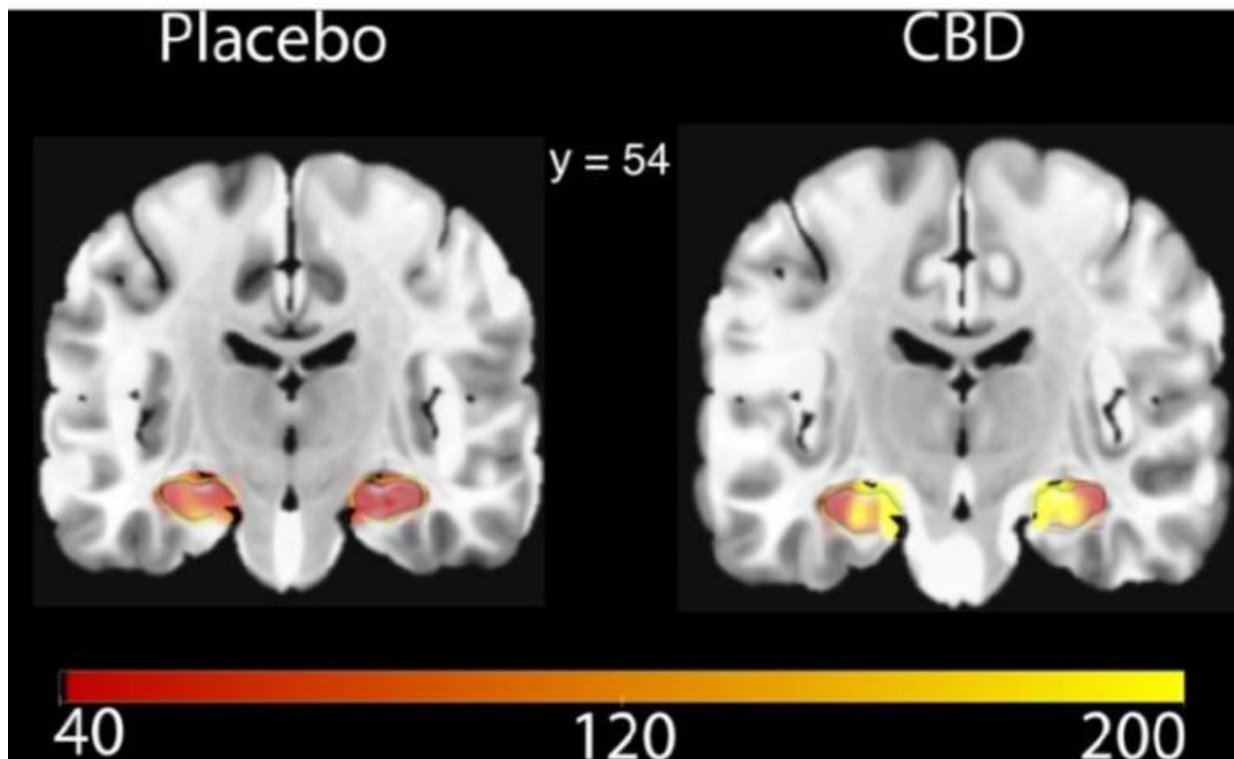


Image highlighting the difference in hippocampal CBF after CBD or placebo, published in research paper. Credit: University College London

A single dose of cannabidiol (CBD) helped increase blood flow to the hippocampus, an important area of the brain associated with memory and emotion, finds a new study led by UCL researchers.

Researchers say the findings could be an important discovery for conditions which affect [memory](#), such as Alzheimer's disease and post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), and could help better target therapies.

In the study, published in the *Journal of Psychopharmacology*, researchers set out to investigate how CBD influences [cerebral blood flow](#) in different regions on the [brain](#) involved in memory processing.

Lead author, Dr. Michael Bloomfield (UCL Psychiatry) said:
"Cannabidiol is one of the main constituents of cannabis and is gaining interest for its therapeutic potential.

"There is evidence that CBD may help reduce symptoms of psychosis and anxiety. There is some evidence to suggest that CBD may improve memory function.

"Additionally, CBD changes how the brain processes emotional memories, which could help to explain its reputed [therapeutic effects](#) in PTSD and other psychiatric disorders. However, the precise mechanisms underlying the effects of CBD on memory are unclear."

For the randomized controlled study, 15 healthy young adult participants, with little or no history of cannabis use were selected.

On different occasions, separated by at least a week, each participant was given a 600 mg of oral CBD or a placebo. The doses came in identical capsules, so participants didn't know which one they were taking on which occasion.

Researchers measured blood flow to the hippocampus using 'arterial spin labeling' – a [magnetic resonance](#) imaging (MRI) brain scanning technique which measures changes in the blood oxygen levels.

Findings

CBD significantly increased blood flow in the hippocampus, however CBD did not cause significant differences in blood flow in other regions of the medial temporal lobe (MTL), of which the hippocampus is a significant component.

In the [prefrontal cortex](#), the area of the brain used for planning and decision making, CBD caused a significant increase in blood flow in the orbitofrontal cortex.

Dr. Bloomfield added: "To our knowledge, this is the first study to find that CBD increases blood flow to key regions involved in memory processing, particularly the hippocampus.

"This supports the view that CBD has region-specific [blood flow](#) effects in the human brain, which has previously been disputed.

"If replicated, these results could lead to further research across a range of conditions characterized by changes in how the brain processes memories, including Alzheimer's disease, where there are defects in the control of [blood](#) control flow, along with schizophrenia and post-traumatic stress disorder."

Study limitations

This study used a single dose of CBD in healthy volunteers, which may not translate to the effects of repeated CBD dosing.

More information: Michael A P Bloomfield et al. The effects of acute cannabidiol on cerebral blood flow and its relationship to memory: An arterial spin labelling magnetic resonance imaging study, *Journal of*

Psychopharmacology (2020). [DOI: 10.1177/0269881120936419](https://doi.org/10.1177/0269881120936419)

Provided by University College London

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