

Proactive steps linked to reduced medical costs, hospital visits for children with asthma

October 13 2020, by Matt Shipman



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A new study looking at data from tens of thousands of children with asthma finds that several widely available interventions are associated with both reduced medical costs and a reduced likelihood that the children will need to visit an emergency room or stay in the hospital.

"This work shows that you can improve the quality of life for children



with asthma and you can reduce government spending by implementing these proactive interventions," says Julie Swann, lead author of the study. Swann is the department head and A. Doug Allison Distinguished Professor of the Fitts Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering at North Carolina State University.

The researchers looked at data from 2010 and 2011 on more than 70,000 children with asthma enrolled in the Medicaid programs in New York and Michigan. The researchers focused on four interventions: asthma self-management education (ASME); <u>flu vaccine</u>; the use of spacers, which are low-cost plastic tubes that improve the performance of inhalers; and the use of nebulizers, which are devices that convert liquid medicine into an aerosol that patients can inhale.

Specifically, the researchers analyzed the data to understand the extent to which each of these interventions was associated with three outcomes: asthma-related visits to the emergency room; asthma-related visits to a primary-care physician; and asthma-related stays in the hospital. The researchers also assessed the extent to which each intervention influenced costs associated with each child's asthma medication and so-called "utilization costs"—which are the costs associated with other aspects of a child's asthma treatment, such the cost of visiting a primary-care provider or hospital.

To address these questions, the researchers plugged the healthcare data into models that allowed them to assess the impact of each intervention separately, compared to no intervention.

"One of the key findings, which should be of interest to policymakers, is that all four interventions were associated with lower medication costs and utilization costs," Swann says.

And while the numbers varied between states, the decreases in cost could



be substantial. For example, being vaccinated against the flu was associated with a 16.4% reduction in utilization expenses and a 15.6% reduction in medication expenses for children in New York. "There can be significant cost reductions associated with a fairly inexpensive intervention," Swann says.

"Our results suggest that ASME training, and the use of spacers and nebulizers, are also associated with significant decreases in both emergency room visits and hospitalizations," says study co-author Pinar Keskinocak. "And the flu vaccine helps reduce the number of visits to a child's primary care provider." Keskinocak is the William W. George Chair and Professor in Georgia Tech's H. Milton Stewart School of Industrial and Systems Engineering and the director of the Center for Health and Humanitarian Systems at Georgia Tech.

"It's important to note that we looked at the impact of these outcomes separately while accounting for other interventions," Swann says. "You would expect that the more of these pro-active interventions a child has, the greater the positive impact we would expect to see on both their health and on what Medicaid would be asked to spend on their care."

The study, "Estimating the Impact of Self-Management Education, Influenza Vaccines, Nebulizers, and Spacers on Healthcare Utilization and Expenditures for Medicaid-Enrolled Children with Asthma," is published in the *Journal of Asthma*.

More information: Melike Yildirim et al. Estimating the impact of self-management education, influenza vaccines, nebulizers, and spacers on health utilization and expenditures for Medicaid-enrolled children with asthma, *Journal of Asthma* (2020). DOI: 10.1080/02770903.2020.1821056



Provided by North Carolina State University

Citation: Proactive steps linked to reduced medical costs, hospital visits for children with asthma (2020, October 13) retrieved 6 May 2024 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-10-proactive-linked-medical-hospital-children.html

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