

## Health of transgender youth improving but stigma, violence still a concern

November 17 2020, by Lou Corpuz-Bosshart

Canada's transgender youth are more supported in their identities nowadays, with more trans teens—50 percent compared to 45 percent five years ago—living in their felt gender full-time, finds a new survey led by UBC researchers.

The survey also revealed more transgender youth are asking their friends and families to call them by their correct names and pronouns since the previous survey. Specifically, 92 percent have asked their fellow transgender friends to do so, and 86 percent have asked their parents.

Trans youth also reported better access to <u>health care</u>, with more reporting they have a family doctor or nurse practitioner who knows they are trans or non-binary. As well, almost half of participants (44 percent) have taken hormones to affirm their gender, compared to 34 percent five years ago.

However, although the picture has brightened overall, significant challenges remain, says Elizabeth Saewyc, the study's principal investigator and a nursing professor who leads the Stigma and Resilience Among Vulnerable Youth Centre (SARAVYC) at UBC.

"More trans and non-binary youth are reporting <u>better health</u> and access to gender-affirming <u>health</u> care across Canada. However, stigma and violence are still a concern, both at home and in the larger community," said Saewyc.



For example, 25 percent of <u>transgender youth</u> surveyed said they did not feel safe in their own home. Seventy-four percent said they avoided public washrooms for fear of discrimination. Furthermore, 66 percent said they had been bullied, taunted or ridiculed. And 28 percent reported being sexually assaulted, which is a significant increase from 23 percent in 2014.

The results suggest that Canada still has a way to go to protect and nurture the health of its trans and non-binary youth, said the study's lead author Ashley Taylor, a postdoctoral fellow in SARAVYC.

"The good news is we know that supportive families and schools are making a difference. Trans youth who reported strong family or school connectedness were much less likely to report <u>emotional distress</u> or <u>suicidal thoughts</u>, compared to their peers who did not have these advantages," added Taylor.

The survey included 1,519 <u>transgender</u> and non-binary youth ages 14 to 25 from all provinces and territories. It is a repeat of the <u>first Canadian survey</u>, also conducted by Saewyc and researchers across Canada in 2014.

"Protecting trans and non-binary youth from discrimination is part of Canada's human rights law, in every province and territory," said Saewyc. "Canada needs safer public spaces, improved access to services, and more training for health care professionals on how to effectively support trans and non-binary youth."

## Provided by University of British Columbia

Citation: Health of transgender youth improving but stigma, violence still a concern (2020, November 17) retrieved 8 May 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-11-health-">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2020-11-health-</a>



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