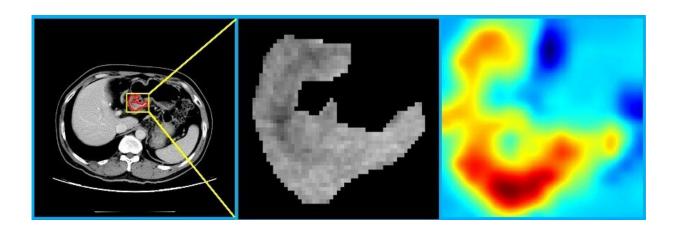


Deep learning helps predict occult peritoneal metastasis in stomach cancer

January 7 2021



Credit: Chinese Academy of Sciences

Stomach cancer, or gastric cancer, is a common gastrointestinal malignancy. Peritoneal metastasis occurs in a majority of patients with advanced stomach cancer and is considered as an aggressive disease with poor outcomes.

Patients with peritoneal metastasis are typically not eligible for curative surgery. Therefore, preoperative detection and diagnosis of peritoneal metastasis are critical to inform treatment decision-making and avoid unnecessary surgery.

A new study published in the JAMA Network Open on Jan. 5 shows that



deep learning can help in predicting occult peritoneal metastasis in stomach <u>cancer</u>. It provides a novel and noninvasive approach for stomach cancer patients and may inform individualized surgical management of stomach cancer.

The study was conducted by Dr. Xie Yaoqin's group from the Shenzhen Institutes of Advanced Technology (SIAT) of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Dr. Li Ruijiang from Stanford University, Dr. LI Guoxin from Nanfang Hospital, and Dr. Zhou Zhiwei from Sun Yat-sen University Cancer Center.

The researchers developed a <u>deep learning model</u> called Peritoneal Metastasis Network (PMetNet) to predict clinically occult peritoneal metastasis using preoperative computed tomography (CT) images in patients with <u>stomach cancer</u>.

Dr. Jiang Yuming from Stanford University, one co-first author of this study, explained that the proposed <u>deep learning</u> model may serve as a reliable noninvasive tool for the early identification of patients with clinically occult peritoneal metastasis.

"It can also inform individualized preoperative treatment decisionmaking and may avoid unnecessary surgery and complications," said Ph.D. candidate Liang Xiaokun from SIAT, the other co-first author.

More information: Yuming Jiang et al. Noninvasive Prediction of Occult Peritoneal Metastasis in Gastric Cancer Using Deep Learning. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2021;4(1):e2032269. DOI: 10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2020.32269

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences



Citation: Deep learning helps predict occult peritoneal metastasis in stomach cancer (2021, January 7) retrieved 5 May 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-01-deep-occult-peritoneal-metastasis-stomach.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.