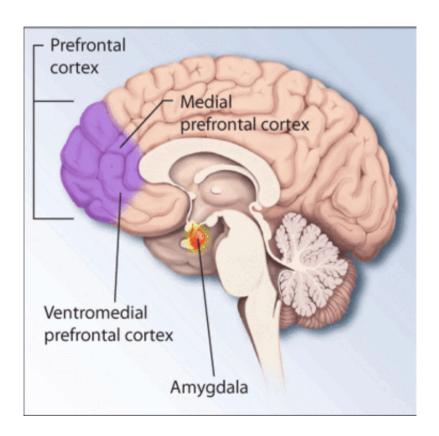


## Genetic analysis of symptoms yields new insights into PTSD

January 28 2021, by Bill Hathaway



Regions of the brain associated with stress and posttraumatic stress disorder. Credit: National Institutes of Health

Attempts to identify the genetic causes of neuropsychiatric diseases such as post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) through large-scale genomewide analyses have yielded thousands of potential links. The challenge is further complicated by the wide range of symptoms exhibited by those



who have PTSD. For instance, does extreme arousal, anger, or irritation experienced by some have the same genetic basis as the tendency to reexperience traumatic events, another symptom of the disorder?

A new study led by researchers at Yale and the University of California-San Diego (UCSD) provides answers to some of these questions and uncovers intriguing genetic similarities between PTSD and other mental health <u>disorders</u> such as anxiety, bipolar disorder, and schizophrenia.

The findings also suggest that existing drugs commonly used for other disorders might be modified to help treat individual symptoms of multiple disorders.

"The complexity is still there, but this study helped us chip away at it," said co-senior author Joel Gelernter, the Foundations Fund Professor of Psychiatry and professor of genetics and neurobiology at Yale.

The study was published Jan. 28 in the journal Nature Genetics.

For the study, the researchers analyzed the complete genomes of more than 250,000 participants in the Million Veteran Program, a national research program of the U.S. Veterans Administration that studies how genes, lifestyle, and military experiences affect the health and illness of military veterans. Among those participants were approximately 36,000 diagnosed with PTSD.

But instead of looking just for gene variants shared by PTSD patients, they also searched for variants that have been linked to three kinds of clinical symptoms that are experienced, to varying degrees, by those diagnosed with the disorder. These symptom groups, or "subdomains," include the re-experience of a traumatic event, hyperarousal or acute anger and irritability, and the avoidance of people or subjects that might be related to past trauma.



While the researchers found underlying genetic commonalities among all three symptom groups, they also discovered specific variants linked to only one or two of the symptoms.

"We found a remarkably high degree of genetic relatedness between these three <u>symptom</u> subdomains. But we also wouldn't expect them to be genetically identical, and they are not," Gelernter said. "We found biological support for different clinical presentations of PTSD."

The research also showed that some these variants found in subgroups of patient symptoms are also linked to other disorders such as major depression. The results suggest drugs used to treat other disorders might also help treat of PTSD.

"Our research pointed to some medications that are currently marketed for other disease states and could be repurposed for PTSD," said cosenior author Murray Stein, Distinguished Professor of Psychiatry and Public Health at UC-San Diego.

Intriguingly, some of the variants linked to all PTSD symptoms have been associated with other neuropsychiatric disorders. For instance, PTSD-associated variants of the gene MAD1L1, which helps regulate cell cycling, have also been linked to schizophrenia and bipolar disorder.

"These observations, and the recent finding of GWS [genomewide-significant] association with anxiety suggest that MAD1L1 may be a general risk factor for psychopathology," the authors write.

**More information:** et al, Genome-wide association analyses of post-traumatic stress disorder and its symptom subdomains in the Million Veteran Program, *Nature Genetics* (2021). DOI: 10.1038/s41588-020-00767-x



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