

## A brain signature that predicts vulnerability to addiction

March 31 2021



A pile of cocaine hydrochloride. Credit: DEA Drug Enforcement Agency, public domain

A team of neurobiologists at the Institut de Neurosciences de la Timone (CNRS/Aix-Marseille Université) has just shown that within a population of rats it can predict which will become cocaine addicts.



One of the criteria for addiction in rats is the compulsive search for a drug despite its <u>negative consequences</u>. Scientists observed abnormal activity in a specific region of the brain, the subthalamic nucleus, only in future addicted individuals, and did so before they were exposed to 'punishment' associated with the seeking for the drug.

These results, which have just been published online by *PNAS*, also indicate that it is possible to reduce this compulsive cocaine-seeking behavior in rats by stimulating the <u>subthalamic nucleus</u>, confirming its interest as a target in the treatment of addiction.

**More information:** Mickael Degoulet et al, Subthalamic low-frequency oscillations predict vulnerability to cocaine addiction, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* (2021). DOI: 10.1073/pnas.2024121118

## Provided by CNRS

Citation: A brain signature that predicts vulnerability to addiction (2021, March 31) retrieved 24 April 2024 from

https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-03-brain-signature-vulnerability-addiction.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.