

## **Experimental antiviral proves effective in halting spread and damage of COVID-19**

April 16 2021, by Mr Alan Williams



Dr Michael Jarvis, associate professor of virology and immunology. Credit: University of Plymouth

An experimental antiviral drug can significantly decrease levels of the virus causing COVID-19 and the damage it causes in the lungs, according to new research.

Scientists from the United States National Institutes of Health (NIH) and



the University of Plymouth found that MK-4482—initially developed to treat influenza—was effective when provided up to 12 hours before or 12 hours after infection with SARS-CoV-2.

Writing in Nature Communications, the researchers say it suggests treatment with MK-4482 could potentially mitigate high-risk exposure to SARS-CoV-2 and might be used to treat established SARS-CoV-2 infection alone or in combination with other agents.

The <u>drug</u> is currently undergoing human clinical trials, but researchers say its ability to be provided orally could offer a significant advance on existing antivirals being used to treat COVID-19.

Remdesivir, for example, has already been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration but must be provided intravenously, making its use primarily limited to clinical settings at later stages of disease.

The research was conducted at Rocky Mountain Laboratories, part of NIH's National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases in Hamilton, Montana.

Dr. Michael Jarvis, Associate Professor of Virology and Immunology at the University of Plymouth and a guest researcher at NIH, was a senior author on the study.

He has expertise in developing vaccines designed to prevent infections jumping from animals to humans, and has also been working to adapt novel vaccine platform technology to prevent future human coronavirus zoonotic emergence.

Speaking about the current study, Dr. Jarvis said:



"In contrast to vaccines against SARS-CoV-2, we really don't have many drugs that are effective against the virus. This is an exciting result that identifies MK-4482 as an additional antiviral against SARS-CoV-2. The drug, also called Molnupiravir, is in the final stages of <a href="https://human.clinical.nc.">human.clinical.nc.</a> trials in SARS-CoV-2 infected patients.

"If the final human data show a similar antiviral effect, our preclinical animal data suggests it may be suitable for use as an orally administered pill following exposure to the virus, similar to the way we use Tamiflu for influenza. I think this additional control measure could prove to be really useful in the current pandemic."

The same research group from Rocky Mountain Laboratories developed a model last year which uses hamsters to mimic SARS-CoV-2 infection and mild disease in people.

The current research involved three groups of hamsters—a pre-infection treatment group, a post-infection treatment group and an untreated control group—and for the two treatment groups, scientists administered MK-4482 orally every 12 hours for three days.

At the conclusion of the study, the animals in each of the treatment groups had 100 times less infectious virus in their lungs than the control group. Animals in the two treatment groups also had significantly fewer lesions in the lungs than the control group.

**More information:** Kyle Rosenke et al. Orally delivered MK-4482 inhibits SARS-CoV-2 replication in the Syrian hamster model, *Nature Communications* (2021). DOI: 10.1038/s41467-021-22580-8

Provided by University of Plymouth



Citation: Experimental antiviral proves effective in halting spread and damage of COVID-19 (2021, April 16) retrieved 13 March 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-04-experimental-antiviral-effective-halting-covid-.html">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-04-experimental-antiviral-effective-halting-covid-.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.