

# Building trust with migrant and refugee communities is crucial for public health measures to work

September 27 2021, by Devaki Monani, Ben O'mara, Gemma Carey



Credit: AI-generated image (disclaimer)

During COVID-19 we've seen <u>racism and discrimination</u> against migrant and refugee communities erode trust between them and authorities.

So as the Delta variant spreads, we must find ways to build that trust.



With greater trust, we can improve contact tracing and the chance of people following public <u>health</u> advice. This is essential if we are to help prevent more infection, illness and death.

A new report by the Asian Australian Alliance on COVID-19-driven anti-Asian racism makes for some chilling reading. <u>https://t.co/TKIsoSIVfD</u>

- Green Left (@GreenLeftOnline) July 29, 2021

## More racism and discrimination

<u>COVID-19 has exacerbated</u> existing tensions between some migrant and refugee communities and parts of the wider population, including government and <u>health authorities</u>.

Migrants have been <u>blamed for spreading COVID-19</u>; <u>international</u> <u>students have faced racism</u>, and have reported <u>poor</u> mental and <u>physical</u> <u>health</u>; and people of Chinese background or those of "east Asian appearance" <u>have suffered</u> racist slurs and physical attacks.

Then there are the refugee communities of non-English speaking backgrounds. Many have arrived after experiencing war and <u>human</u> <u>rights abuses</u> by other governments only to face tough social distancing restrictions and the use of police and military to enforce lockdowns in Australia.

This has led to <u>some concerns</u> <u>about being</u> reported to government, having their visa canceled, being detained or deported.

As a result of this past trauma and the risk of losing their temporary visa status, some people have been <u>reluctant to participate in contact tracing</u> and follow public health advice.



Making matters worse has been <u>some media outlets</u> and <u>social media</u> sharing racist and harmful stereotypes.

"Garbage' and 'cash cows': temporary migrants describe anguish of exclusion and racism during COVID-19 <u>https://t.co/rjEgXcyu5N</u> via <u>@ConversationEDU</u>

— Julianne Schultz (@JulianneSchultz) September 16, 2020

## **Understand diversity**

Building trust requires recognizing the diversity of communities. For example, the phrase "culturally and linguistically diverse" is often used to describe migrant and refugee communities of non-English speaking backgrounds. While the phrase has merit in some situations, it disguises differences between and among communities.

For instance, the term "migrant" refers to people who have chosen to <u>move</u> from one country or area to another. Migrants can include international students, business owners, professionals and those wanting to work and join family already living in Australia.

In contrast, refugees arrive after <u>suffering from psychological distress</u> and trauma due to war, torture and/or conflict. Some refugees may have lower levels of education, literacy and <u>financial support</u>.

Any projects aimed at <u>communicating health information</u> with such communities need to learn about the variations and differences within and between them. Differences include varying levels of education, language and literacy skills, <u>preferences in old and new media</u>, and differing cultural understandings of health.

Some communities have a more <u>communal approach to health</u>, which



influences how to best share information. Rights and access to government supports also differ, including <u>employment support and</u> <u>Medicare</u>.

## **Engage with communities**

We can improve contact tracing, the sharing of public health advice and, most importantly, build trust, by <u>better engaging with communities</u>.

This means <u>involving communities</u> in decision-making and how services are developed and delivered. Governments and health agencies should engage with communities and <u>ask them</u> what skills and support they need to manage the pandemic and daily life.

<u>Bilingual community facilitators</u>, also known as <u>bicultural community</u> <u>workers</u>, <u>may be needed</u>. These <u>help bring together</u> community members and health agencies to moderate discussions, hold workshops, develop solutions and build relationships and trust for the long term.

#### Know there's more going on

We can also build trust by improving access to training, education, employment, affordable housing and other social factors. These can <u>help</u> <u>improve health outcomes</u>.

Without appropriate support and tailored health communications it's more likely people will be forced to break COVID restrictions, like going to work when sick, or gather in family groups for support. Without understanding or trusting public health advice, contract tracing for COVID is much harder.

## Help grow stronger communities



Communities of people with <u>migrant</u> and <u>refugee</u> backgrounds can be supported to find their <u>own solutions</u> to the challenges and opportunities of everyday life.

This "capacity building" might include holding <u>workshops with families</u>, or supporting young people to <u>develop their abilities as leaders</u>. For this to happen, governments need to work closely with <u>non-government</u> <u>organizations</u>.

Such programs would help build stronger relationships within Australian society that help more people feel like they belong. With stronger relationships and greater capacity in communities to deal with health issues, more people are likely to trust the procedures of contact tracing and public health advice.

#### Where to now?

Health agencies, governments and others working with people from refugee and migrant communities can make real and positive differences by helping to build trust with migrant and refugee communities of non-English speaking backgrounds.

Our challenge now is doing this gradually and with care.

More respectful and sensitive engagement could be one of the most important ways we reduce the terrible illness and death from COVID, and combat the stigma and racism that has come with it.

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