

World failing people with dementia: WHO

September 2 2021



Credit: CC0 Public Domain

Dementia, which robs people of their "memories, independence and dignity", is on the rise worldwide but few countries are equipped to fight it, the World Health Organization (WHO) warned Thursday.

In a report, the WHO said <u>dementia</u>, caused by a variety of diseases and injuries that affect the brain such as Alzheimer's or stroke, affects more



than 55 million people in what has become a "global public health concern."

That figure is set to rise to 78 million by 2030 and 139 million by 2050 as the population grows older.

Yet only a quarter of countries worldwide have a national strategy for supporting people with dementia and their families, the WHO said.

Half of these countries are in Europe, with the remainder split between other regions in the world.

"Yet even in Europe, many plans are expiring or have already expired, indicating a need for renewed commitment from governments," the WHO said.

The organisation's chief Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus said "dementia robs millions of people of their memories, independence and dignity, but it also robs the rest of us of the people we know and love."

"The world is failing people with dementia, and that hurts all of us," he was quoted as saying in a statement.

Dementia mostly affects those aged 65 and over, but can also touch people in their 30s and 40s.

There is no treatment, but studies have shown that some 40 percent of cases could be avoided or delayed by a <u>healthy lifestyle</u>.

Risk factors include depression, low education, <u>social isolation</u> and lack of cognitive stimulation.

Katrin Seeher, from the WHO's mental health and substance use



department, told reporters that more than 60 percent of people living with dementia were in low and middle-income countries.

"We especially need to reduce the gap that exists between high-income and low and <u>middle-income countries</u>, and between urban and <u>rural areas</u>," she said.

Many people—a majority of women—are reduced to looking after their loved ones suffering from dementia without any professional help in what is called "informal care."

"Care programs and services must be developed and funded to reduce that burden on informal caregiving and support carers in this important task," said Seeher.

In its report, the WHO said the global cost of dementia was estimated to be \$1.3 trillion in 2019.

"The cost is projected to increase to \$1.7 trillion by 2030, or \$2.8 trillion if corrected for increases in care costs," it said.

© 2021 AFP

Citation: World failing people with dementia: WHO (2021, September 2) retrieved 27 April 2024 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-09-world-people-dementia.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.