

## Young Canadians are asking to be included in research: Here's how to engage them

February 1 2022, by Roberta L. Woodgate



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The issues and experiences that matter most to young Canadians right now might surprise you. They are ready to lead a new conversation.

My research interests have long focused on how the health and social issues of the day, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, are being



experienced by young Canadians. Young people have a right to be engaged, and a right to be heard in research.

Curious about how this incredibly dynamic, vulnerable population could contribute to research, I discovered that among the most important lessons <u>young people</u> would have us learn is how best to engage them. This revelation led to the recently-established <u>IN•GAUGE research</u> <u>program</u> headquartered at the University of Manitoba.

### **Engaging young people**

IN•GAUGE aims to improve the lives of children and <u>youth</u> by taking an innovative approach to research called <u>integrated knowledge</u> <u>translation</u>. This approach assumes that complex health and <u>social</u> <u>problems</u> are best explored, explained and solved in partnership with those who have the lived experience, and the power to influence change.

IN•GAUGE invites young people ages eight to 24 to join or form a research team and submit research topic ideas. But more importantly, the IN•GAUGE research program creatively engages young people in a research process of their own design.

When young people are engaged in the research process, results are deeper, richer and have more relevance. For example, using flexible, arts-based methods to gather <u>research data</u> from young people facilitates self-expression. It helps young people articulate, contextualize and make meaning of their lived experiences for a non-youth audience that may include educators, policy-makers or health-care and social service providers.

In a recent <u>youth-led research study designed to relate the daily</u> <u>experience of living with anxiety</u>, participants chose photovoice—a process that involves individuals taking photos to document their



experiences—and performance art to share their stories.

The resulting research evidence showed that young people conceal certain aspects of their mental illness and avoid seeking help. This points to a gap in our understanding of their daily mental health experience and our approach to care.

### Fluid engagement

Young people in the IN•GAUGE research program are given the freedom to identify the research topics that matter most to them, and then to design and engage in research studies exploring those topics. Although issues related to capitalism, climate change, COVID-19, mental health, sex and gender were top-of-mind, these young Canadians were also interested in the way health and social research is being done.

To avoid ethical, feasibility and other barriers to conducting research with young people, researchers will often explore sensitive health and social issues without them. This leaves a significant gap in what we know about the experience of being young or coming of age in today's world.

Young people participating in IN•GAUGE say this is a trap researchers need to avoid because meaningful engagement with young people in research gives rise to richer, more culturally inclusive and more usable research evidence.

To help amplify the voices of young people in research, IN•GAUGE program participants have co-developed an important new tool that they are asking health and social researchers to start using as their guide: The Youth Engagement in Research Framework.

The Youth Engagement in Research Framework illustrates how youth say researchers can create a culturally inclusive research environment,



how to meaningfully engage them in research, which conditions should be met throughout the research process and what they hope to get out of their experience.

<u>IN•GAUGE research evidence shows</u> that at least seven fluid, adaptive engagement concepts are critical to the meaningful <u>engagement of children and youth in research</u>:

- understanding their motivations to engage,
- discussing goals for the research process and implementation intentions,
- supporting diverse expressions of youth identity,
- addressing facilitators and barriers to engagement,
- reinforcing the choice to engage in research,
- building trusting relationships, and
- respecting different forms of knowledge.



# Young people have a right to be engaged, and a right to be heard.

Meaningful engagement with young people in research results in richer, more culturallyinclusive, and more usable research evidence.

Young people ranging in age from 8- to 24-years-old are participating in the IN•GAUGE research program and sharing their voices on how to engage youth in research.

Use the Youth Engagement in Research Framework as your guide.

The Framework illustrates how youth say to create a culturallyinclusive research environment, how to meaningfully engage them in your research, which conditions should be met throughout the research process, and what they hope to get out of their experience.

Thank you to the young people whose insights, ideas, and recommendations have guided the development of the Framework.

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### Youth Engagement in Research Framework

A tool for engaging young people in research.

Understand motivations to engage. Youth say helping others, being heard, sharing experiences, pursuing social action and social justice, and studying the issues that matter most are their top motivators to engage in research.

Discuss goals for the research process and implementation intentions.

Youth say planning to do something with the research evidence is an important part of their decision to engage in the research process.

Support diverse expressions of youth identity. Youth describe their identities in relation to their social groupings, including youth culture, race and ethnicity, gender identity and sexual orientation, life experiences, living circumstances, and socioeconomic status. They say respecting their identity helps to create a safe, culturally-inclusive space to share their opinions, ideas,



### Address facilitators and barriers to

engagement. Youth say starting an early conversation about facilitators and barriers helps make engaging in research more accessible. They say to allocate resources that make their engagement easier and more comfortable, such as covering lost wages, meals, and transportation costs.

Reinforce the choice to engage in research. Youth say demonstrating value for their time, opinions, ideas, and shared experiences with cash and valued incentives is necessary. They expect to receive mentorship and empowerment opportunities that develop their knowledge, skills, and confidence.

**Build trusting** relationships. Use shared leadership as a way of distributing power; establishing roles, boundaries, and confidences; and rolemodelling behaviours and personal qualities in the research setting. Youth say to take time explaining the research process, practice authentic listening, and provide options for acknowledging their contributions to research. They say to avoid tokensim or other practices that restrict their ideas and abilities.

#### Respect different forms of knowledge.

Allow for multiple forms of data-gathering, and provide flexible, dynamic, and evolving options for youth engagement in research. Youth say to embrace their imagination, creativity, and communication style in the co-creation, acquisition, and dissemination of knowledge.









Youth Engagement in Research Framework was designed help amplify the voices of young people in research. Credit: IN-GAUGE, Author provided

Understanding young people and their take on current events has the potential to make the future more predictable, or at least more relatable. As we learn about youth culture and their social norms, we can better understand their shifting social values, make reasonable forecasts about the wants and needs of the population, and start adapting our <a href="health">health</a> and social systems.

The Youth Engagement in Research Framework is a useful starting point for research projects involving young people. In the spirit of equity, diversity and inclusivity, IN•GAUGE understands research frameworks such as this are necessarily adaptive and responsive in nature, and welcomes feedback on researchers' experiences using the framework.

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