

## Link between Epstein-Barr virus and multiple sclerosis is a crucial discovery for people living with MS

April 25 2022, by Michael C. Levin



Credit: Edward Jenner from Pexels

Canada has one of the <u>highest rates of multiple sclerosis</u> (MS) in the world, with 250 out of every 100,000 people affected.



MS is an autoimmune disease in which elements of the immune system that are designed to protect us—<u>white blood cells</u> and antibodies—instead <u>begin to damage the brain and spinal cord</u>. This causes <u>acute attacks—also known as relapses—of neurologic</u> <u>dysfunction</u> such as visual loss, trouble walking or urinary and sexual dysfunction.

## **Environmental trigger**

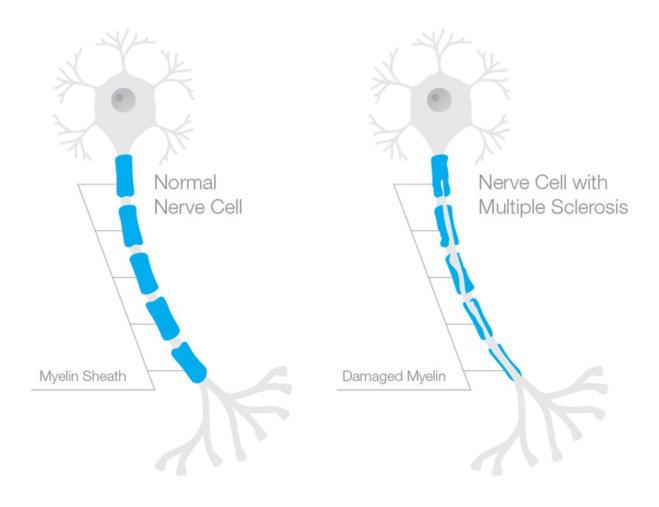
But what causes MS? <u>The answer is complex</u>. MS is caused by a combination of factors including genetic susceptibility to the disease (being born with genes that cause MS), an abnormal immune system that attacks instead of protects and an environmental trigger.

In a <u>study published in the journal *Science*</u>, researchers found that Epstein Barr <u>virus</u> (EBV)—the virus that causes <u>mononucleosis</u>—is also an environmental trigger for MS. EBV is common, with more than 95 percent of people being infected during their lifetime.

In this study, the researchers examined the blood of a large group of adults and continued to monitor their health over a period of 20 years. The results showed that 34 out of 35 people who developed MS, who originally tested negative for EBV, tested positive for the virus prior to being diagnosed with MS. This is in contrast to 57 percent of controls (those without MS) who tested positive for EBV.

This does not mean that if you had Epstein-Barr virus you will definitely develop MS. However, the study found that a new EBV infection in adults increased risk of developing MS by 32 times. An increase in MS risk was not observed for other <u>viral infections</u>.





Multiple sclerosis causes damage to the myelin sheath that protects nerves in the brain and spinal cord. Credit: Stephanie021299, CC BY-SA





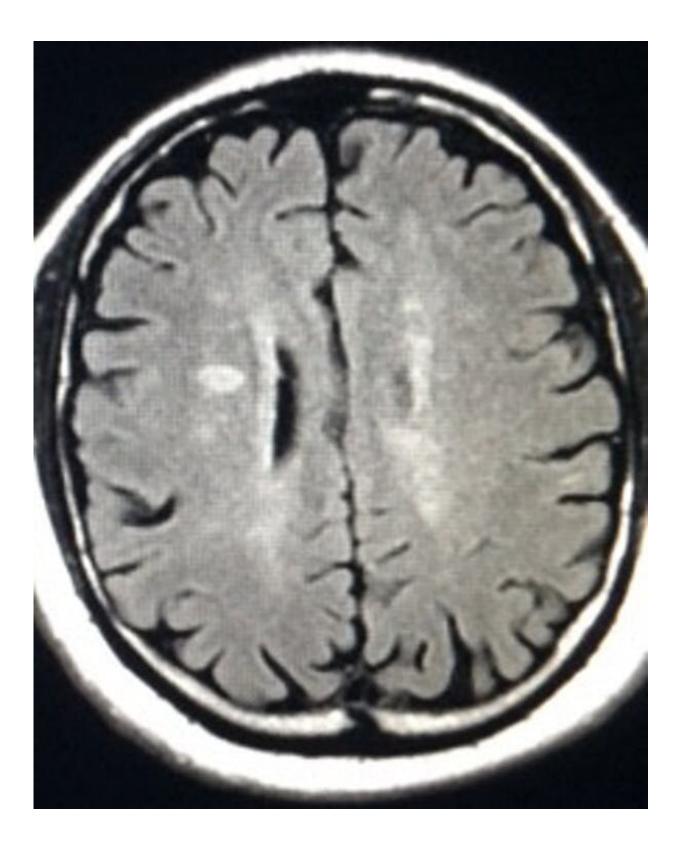
Credit: Edward Jenner from Pexels

## Identifying a major risk factor

This paper describes the greatest risk factor for MS discovered to date. Importantly, the study did not look at children or teens, so it's not known if having mononucleosis before age 18 would increase the risk of MS.

The evidence that EBV infection puts someone at high risk for getting MS is a significant discovery. It means researchers can begin to design preventive treatments for MS, such as vaccines and anti-virals, like those that protect against SARS-CoV2—the virus that causes COVID-19.





Multiple sclerosis is caused by a combination of factors including genetic



susceptibility, an abnormal immune system that attacks instead of protects, and an environmental trigger. Credit: Michael C. Levin, Author provided

Other studies <u>have shown</u> that <u>EBV infection</u> in people already diagnosed with MS can change their immune system from one that protects them from disease to one that attacks the brain and spinal cord. This is an <u>immune response</u> that is specific to EBV. This suggests that even in people who have MS, focusing on treatments designed to prevent EBV from altering the <u>immune system</u> would be a novel strategy to prevent progression.

The discovery of the link between EBV and risk for MS is a crucial piece of the MS puzzle, opening up new potential treatments for people living with this condition.

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